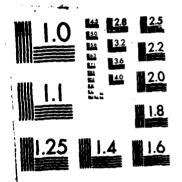
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WHITMANS POND DAM
MA 00775

AD-A155

PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT
NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM





DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY NEW ENGLAND DIVISION, CORPS OF ENGINEERS WALTHAM, MASS. 02154

AUGUST 1980

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DAMS, INSPECTION, DAM SAFETY,

Weymouth River Basin Weymouth, Massachusetts Herring Brook

20. ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse side if necessary and identify by block mapher)

The dam is about 60 ft. long between abutments and the maximum height if the dam is about 16 ft. The pond is utilized as a recreational facility. The dam and appurtennant works are judged to be in good physical condition, however, because the spillway can only pass 62 percent of the routed test flood outflow, the dam was given an overall rating of fair. The owner should implement various operating and maintenance measures.



DEPARTMENT OF THE ARMY

NEW ENGLAND DIVISION. CORPS OF ENGINEERS
424 TRAPELO ROAD
WALTHAM. MASSACHUSETTS 02254

REPLY TO ATTENTION OF: NEDED

DEC 9 1980

Honorable Edward J. King Governor of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts State House Boston, Massachusetts 02133

Dear Governor King:

Inclosed is a copy of the Whitmans Pond Dam (MA-00775) Phase I Inspection Report, which was prepared under the National Program for Inspection of Non-Federal Dams. This report is presented for your use and is based upon a visual inspection, a review of the past performance and a brief hydrological study of the dam. A brief assessment is included at the beginning of the report. I have approved the report and support the findings and recommendations described in Section 7 and ask that you keep me informed of the actions taken to implement them. This follow-up action is a vitally important part of this program.

A copy of this report has been forwarded to the Department of Environmental Quality Engineering, the cooperating agency for the Commonwealth of Massachusetts. In addition, a copy of the report has also been furnished the owner, Town of Weymouth, Mass.

Copies of this report will be made available to the public, upon request, by this office under the Freedom of Information Act. In the case of this report the release date will be thirty days from the date of this letter.

I wish to take this opportunity to thank you and the Department of Environmental Quality Engineering for your cooperation in carrying out this program.

Incl
As stated

WILLIAM E. HODGSON JR.

Colonel, Corps of Engineers Acting Division Engineer

WHITMANS POND DAM

MA 00775

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PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM

NATIONAL DAM INSPECTION PROGRAM PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

Identification No:

MA 00775

Name of Dam:

Whitmans Pond Dam

Town:

Weymouth

County and State:

Norfolk County, Massachusetts

Stream:

Herring Brook

Date of Inspection:

18 April 1980

BRIEF ASSESSMENT

Whitmans Pond Dam is a concrete gravity structure consisting of three basic components: a fish ladder at the left abutment; a 24 ft. long ogee shaped overflow section located just to the right of the fish ladder; and a siphon spillway structure located just right of the overflow section and extending to the right abutment. The siphon spillway structure contains four siphon units having throats measuring 6 ft. by 5 ft. There is a 2.5 ft. square gated sluiceway located on the right side and in the lower part of the overflow section. The dam is about 60 ft. long between abutments and the maximum height of the dam is about 16 ft. measured from downstream river channel bottom to the top of the siphon structure. The crest of the overflow section is 5.8 ft. below the top of dam. The dam was constructed in 1970 as part of a flood control project for the Town of Weymouth, Massachusetts.

Whitmans Pond is utilized as a recreational facility. It is about 7,000 ft. long and has a surface area of about 191 acres at spillway crest level. The drainage area is 12.11 sq. mi. (7,750 acres) and the maximum storage to top of dam is 2,000 acre-ft.; the size classification is thus intermediate. Because a failure of the structure would cause serious damage to the downstream community East Weymouth, with the possibility of the loss of more than a few lives and the probability of excessive economic losses, it has been classified as having a high hazard potential.

Based on the guidelines, the recommended test flood for such a facility is a full Probable Maximum Flood. The test flood inflow was calculated to be 6,850 cfs. >The routed test flood outflow of 5,100 cfs overtops the dam by 2.7 ft. The spill-ways can pass 3,150 cfs or about 62 percent of the routed test flood outflow without overtopping the dam.

The dam and appurtenant works are judged to be in good physical condition, however, because the spillway can only pass 62 percent of the routed test flood outflow, the dam was given an overall rating of fair. The only problem with the physical condition of the dam is the erosion downstream of each abutment.

Within one year after receipt of this Phase I Inspection Report the owner should engage a qualified registered engineer to: (1) perform a detailed

hydraulic and hydrologic study to further assess the need for and means to increase the project discharge capacity; and, (2) perform a seismic investigation and analysis by conventional equivalent static load methods.

The owner should implement the following operating and maintenance measures:
(1) repair erosion of the left abutment at the downstream end of the left
training wall of the fish ladder with compacted gravel fill and locally place
riprap in the vicinity of the downstream side of the end of the retaining wall;
(2) repair the slope behind the right retaining wall on the right abutment
with suitable compacted backfill; (3) develop a formal surveillance and
downstream emergency warning plan, including round-the-clock monitoring during
periods of heavy precipitation; (4) institute procedures for a biennial
technical inspection of the dam and its appurtenant structures; and (5) implement
a regular periodic maintenance program.

Peter I. Dyson Project Manager

PETER BRIAN DYSON No. 18452 C/STER

TH OF W

This Phase I Inspection Report on Whitmans Pond Dam (MA-00775) has been reviewed by the undersigned Review Board members. In our opinion, the reported findings, conclusions, and recommendations are consistent with the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, and with good engineering judgment and practice, and is hereby submitted for approval.

Chamas Walterin

ARAMAST MAHTESIAN, MEMBER Geotechnical Engineering Branch Engineering Division

Carney M. Tazion

CARNEY M. TERZIAN, MEMBER Design Branch Engineering Division

RICHARD DIBUONO, CHAIRMAN

Water Control Branch Engineering Division

APPROVAL RECOICEMENTS:

OR B. FRIER
Chief, Engineering Division

PREFACE

This report is prepared under guidance contained in the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, for Phase I Investigations. Copies of these guidelines may be obtained from the Office of Chief of Engineers, Washington, D.C. 20314. The purpose of a Phase I Investigation is to identify expeditiously those dams which may pose hazards to human life or property. The assessment of the general condition of the dam is based upon available data and visual inspections. Detailed investigation, and analyses involving topographic mapping, subsurface investigations, testing, and detailed computational evaluations are beyond the scope of a Phase I investigation; however, the investigation is intended to identify any need for such studies.

In reviewing this leport, it should be realized that the reported condition of the dam is based on observations of field conditions at the time of inspection along with data available to the inspection team. In cases where the reservoir was lowered or drained prior to inspection, such action, while improving the stability and safety of the dam, removes the normal load on the structure and may obscure certain conditions which might otherwise be detectable if inspected under the normal operating environment of the structure.

It is important to note that the condition of a dam depends on numerous and constantly changing internal and external conditions, and is evolutionary in nature. It would be incorrect to assume that the present condition of the dam will continue to represent the condition of the dam at some point in the future. Only through continued care and inspection can there be any chance that unsafe conditions be detected.

Phase I inspections are not intended to provide detailed hydrologic and hydraulic analyses. In accordance with the established Guidelines, the Spillway Test Flood is based on the estimated "Probable Maximum Flood" for the region (greatest reasonably possible storm runoff), or fractions thereof. Because of the magnitude and rarity of such a storm event, a finding that a spillway will not pass the test flood should not be interpreted as necessarily posing a highly inadequate condition. The test flood provides a measure of relative spillway capacity and serves as an aide in determining the need for more detailed hydrologic and hydraulic studies, considering the size of the dam, its general condition and the downstream damage potential.

The Phase I Investigation does <u>not</u> include an assessment of the need for fences, gates, no-trespassing signs, repairs to existing fences and railings and other items which may be needed to minimize trespass and provide greater security for the facility and safety to the public. An evaluation of the project for compliance with OSHA rules and regulations is also excluded.

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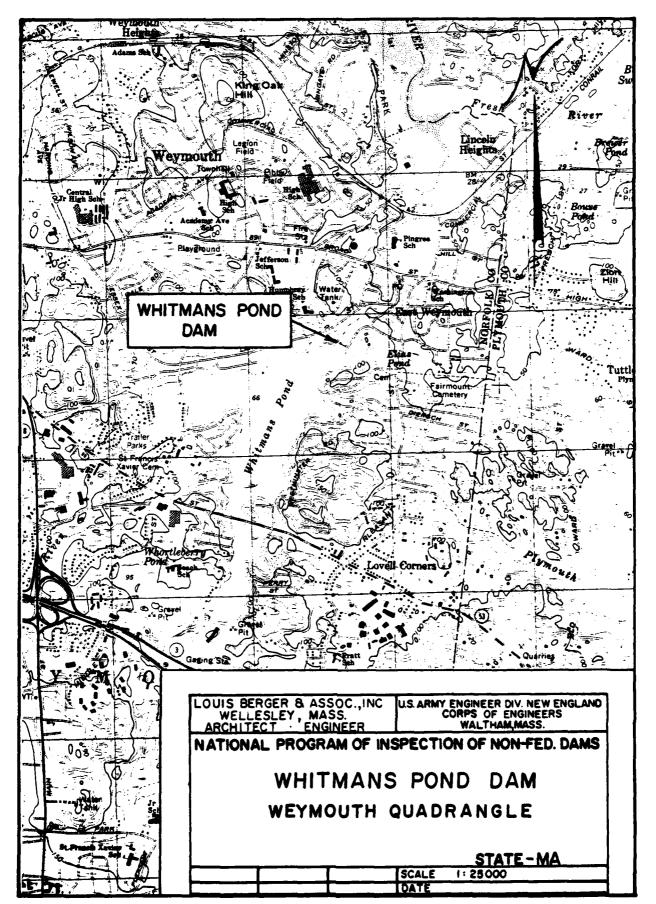
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WHITMANS POND DAM



OVERVIEW FROM LEFT ABUTMENT



PHASE I INSPECTION REPORT

WHITMANS POND DAM MA 00755

SECTION 1 - PROJECT INFORMATION

1.1 General

a. Authority. Public Law 92-367, August 8, 1972, authorized the Secretary of the Army, through the Corps of Engineers, to initiate a national program of dam inspection throughout the United States. The New England Division of the Corps of Engineers has been assigned the responsibility of supervising the inspection of dams within the New England Region. Louis Berger & Associates, Inc. has been retained by the New England Division to inspect and report on selected dams in the State of Massachusetts. Authorization and notice to proceed was issued to Louis Berger & Associates, Inc. under a letter of 28 March 1980 from William E. Hodgson, Jr., Colonel, Corps of Engineers. Contract No. DACW33-80-C-0043, has been assigned by the Corps of Engineers for this work.

b. Purpose of Inspection.

- (1) Perform technical inspection and evaluation of non-Federal dams to identify conditions which threaten the public safety and thus permit correction in a timely manner by non-Federal interests.
- (2) Encourage and assist the States to initiate quickly effective dam safety programs for non-Federal interests.
 - (3) Update, verify and complete the National Inventory of Dams.

1.2 Description of Project

- a. Location. Whitmans Pond Dam is located in Norfolk County in the Town of Weymouth in eastern Massachusetts. The dam is situated about 850 ft. upstream of Iron Hill Dam and the headwaters of Herring Brook and about 1.3 mi. upstream of the confluence of Herring Brook and the Weymouth Back River. The dam can be reached via a side Street off Lake Street or via Iron Hill Street. The dam is shown on U.S.G.S. Quadrangle, Weymouth, Massachusetts with coordinates approximately at N 42° 12 ' 39", W 70° 55' 49".
- b. Description of Dam and Appurtenances. The Whitmans Pond Dam is a 60 ft. long and 16 ft. high concrete gravity dam consisting of three major elements; a fish ladder, an overflow section, and a siphon spillway structure containing four siphon units. A pedestrian bridge spans the approach channel just upstream of the spillway structures.

At the left side of the dam there is a concrete fish ladder with a clear opening of 3 ft. and a length of approximately 75 ft. The ladder consists basically of two reinforced concrete training walls founded on bedrock. There are slots in the concrete walls to accommodate wooden baffles set at approximately two foot intervals. The elevation of the base slab between the walls varies from 56.9 at the downstream end to 64.6 at the upstream end. The top of the retaining walls are at elevation 72.4.

Just to the right of the fish ladder is a concrete ogee overflow section which has an overall width of 25 ft. and net width of 24 ft. The crest of the overflow section is at elevation 66.6. The training walls on either side of the spillway are 5.8 ft. high. On the right side of the overflow section, at the channel bottom is a sluiceway through the base of the ogee section. The sluiceway is 2.5 ft. square and has an invert elevation of 58.6 ft. The control for the sluiceway is a 2.5. ft. square sluice gate which is hand operated from a small bridge over the right side of the overflow section.

To the right of the overflow section is the siphon spillway structure which extends to the right abutment of the dam. This structure is 29 ft. wide and has four siphon units. Each unit is 6 ft. wide by 5 ft. high at its throat. The interior crest elevations are 66.8 for unit one, 66.6 for unit two, 66.7 for unit three, and 66.9 for unit four as shown in the design drawings in Appendix B. The top of the siphon spillway structure is at elevation 72.4. Both the siphon spillway structure and the ogee spillway section are founded on bedrock.

There is an 80 ft. long reinforced concrete girder foot bridge spanning the dam structure immediately upstream of the crest of the spillway. The bridge is supported on each end by reinforced concrete abutments and by a central pier of reinforced concrete founded on bedrock in the stream channel upstream of the dam. The bridge deck varies from elevation 80 on the left abutment to elevation 77.5 on the right abutment.

- c. Size Classification. Whitmans Pond Dam has a hydraulic height of about 16 ft. above downstream river level, and impounds a normal storage of about 550 acre-ft. to spillway crest level and a maximum of about 2,000 acre-ft. to top of dam. In accordance with the size and capacity criteria given in Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, the project falls into the intermediate category on the basis of capacity and is therefore classified accordingly.
- D. <u>Hazard Classification</u>. A breach failure of Whitmans Pond Dam would release water into Iron Hill Reservoir, down Herring Brook and through the heavily built-up community of East Weymouth to the Weymouth Back River. It is estimated that a breach of the dam's abutment area would flood a school building, four industrial buildings, about twenty-three commercial buildings and about seven houses to depths ranging from 1 to 7 ft., all within a distance of about 4,000 ft. from the dam. In addition several local streets would be flooded. No significant flooding is estimated due to the spillway discharge alone. In accordance with the Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams, Whitmans Pond Dam has therefore been classified as having a high hazard potential, since failure may cause damage to more than a small number of habitable structures and excessive economic losses, with the potential for the loss of more than a few lives.
 - e. Ownership. Whitmans Pond Dam is owned by the Town of Weymouth, Massachusetts.
- f. Operator. The operator of the dam is Mr. Frank Lagrotteria, Town Engineer, Town of Weymouth, Department of Public Works, 120 Winter Street, Weymouth, Massachusetts 02188. Telephone: 617-337-5100.
- g. <u>Purpose of Dam</u>. Whitmans Pond Dam impounds a body of water used for recreational purposes. The dam together with the Iron Hill Dam and the Herring Brook Flood Control Conduit serves to provide flood control protection to the Town of Weymouth.

- h. Design and Construction History. The Whitmans Pond Dam was designed by Metcalf and Eddy, Engineers, Boston, Massachusetts and was constructed in 1970. It replaced a concrete structure which was built in 1935, a few feet downstream from the site at which another dam had been located for more than 120 years. The present dam was constructed together with the Iron Hill Dam and the Herring Brook Flood Control Conduit as a means of reducing flood damage in the Town of Weymouth.
- i. Normal Operating Procedures. There are no written operating procedures for the facility. The only operating devices are the controls for the low level sluice way, stoplogs in the upstream entrance to the fish ladder, and emergency air vents for each of the siphon units. These air vents consist of cast-iron pipes which are normally sealed with a bolted, gasketed, blind flange cover and are used for venting the siphons should the automatic air vents for the siphons not function.

1.3 Pertinent Data.

a. Drainage Area. The drainage area contributing to Whitmans Pond is located at the beginning of Herring Brook. The drainage area encompasses a total of about 12.11 sq. mi., (7,750 acres), of which about 191 acres is occupied by the pond. The longest circuitous stream course leading to the dam is about 6.6 miles long with an elevation difference of about 104 ft., or at a slope of about 15.7 ft. per mile. The drainage area has a length of about 6 miles and an average width of about 2.8 miles. The topography in the basin is best described as flat and coastal. The drainage basin consists of a mixture of forested areas and heavily builtup urban areas. Weymouth Great Pond having a drainage area of about 2.89 sq. mi. is located in the upper reaches of the drainage area and should have a substantial effect on the inflow to Whitmans Pond.

b. Discharge at Damsite.

- (1) Outlet Works Conduit. There is a 2.5 ft. square sluice gate located in the overflow section and to the left of the siphon spillway section of the dam. The bottom of the sluice gate is near the channel bottom and this facility could be used for lowering the pond. With the water surface level at top of dam, elevation 72.4 ft. it is estimated that the sluice gate would be capable of discharging about 95 cfs.
- (2) Maximum Known Flood at Damsite. No records are available of flood flows into Whitmans Pond or of spillway releases and surcharge heads, since the existing dam was constructed. However, in the Preliminary Engineering Study for the dam, it was estimated that the maximum discharge over the previous dam at Whitmans Pond was 1,100 cfs during hurricane "Diana" in August of 1955. It was estimated that the surcharge during that storm peaked at elevation 71.5 ft.
- (3) <u>Ungated Spillway Capacity at Top of Dam</u>. The ungated spillway capacity at top of dam, elevation 72.4, is 3,150 cfs.
- (4) Ungated Spillway Capacity at Test Flood Elevation. The ungated spillway capacity at test flood elevation 75.1 ft. is about 4,550 cfs.
 - (5) Gated Spillway Capacity at Normal Pool. Not Applicable
 - (6) Gated Spillway Capacity at Test Flood Elevation. Not Applicable

- (7) Total Spillway Capacity at Test Flood Elevation. The total spillway capacity at test flood elevation is the same as (4) above, 4,550 cfs at elevation 75.1.
- (8) Total Project Discharge at Top of Dam. Assuming the sluice gate to be open, the total project discharge at top of dam, elevation 72.4 is about 3,245 cfs.
- (9) Total Project Discharge at Test Flood Elevation. The total project discharge at test flood elevation is 5,100 cfs at elevation 75.1.
 - c. Elevation (ft. N.G.V.D.)
 - (1) Streambed at toe of dam 56.4 -
 - (2) Bottom of cutoff 54.0
 - (3) Maximum tailwater unknown
 - (4) Recreation pool 66.6
 - (5) Full flood control pool Top of dam 72.4
 - (6) Spillway crest 66.6
 - (7) Design surcharge (Original Design) 70.6 (Approximate)
 - (8) Top of dam 72.4
 - (9) Test flood surcharge 75.1
 - d. Reservoir (Length in feet)
 - (1) Normal pool 7,000
 - (2) Flood control pool 8,000
 - (3) Spillway crest pool 7,000
 - (4) Top of dam $\sim 8,000$
 - (5) Test flood pool 8,300
 - e. Storage (acre-feet)
 - (1) Normal pool -550
 - (2) Flood control pool 2,000
 - (3) Spillway crest pool 550
 - (4) Top of dam 2,000
 - (5) Test flood pool 2,925

f. Reservoir Surface (acres)

- (1) Normal pool 191
- (2) Flood-control pool 306
- (3) Spillway crest 191
- (4) Top of dam 306
- (5) Test flood pool 362
- g. Dam
- (1) Type Mass Concrete, Gravity
- (2) Length 60 ft.
- (3) Height 16 ft.
- (4) Top Width Varies about 19 ft. at siphon section
- (5) Side Slopes Vertical sides at siphon structure
- (6) Zoning Not Applicable
- (7) Impervious Core Not Applicable
- (8) Cutoff Concrete keys in ledge
- (9) Grout curtain Unknown

i. Spillway

- (1) Type Combination: Concrete ogee overflow section, fish ladder and, four unit siphon spillway section
- (3) Crest Elevation Ogee Section: 66.6 Siphons: four at elevations 66.6, 66.7, 66.8 and 66.9
- (4) Gates None
- (5) U/S Channel Natural channel with concrete walls in immediate vicinity of dam.
- (6) D/S Channel Natural channel impounded by Iron Hill Dam located about 850 ft. downstream.

- (7) General None
- j. Regulating Outlets
- (1) Invert 58.6
- (2) Size 2.5 ft. x 2.5 ft.
- (3) Description Sluiceway opening through overflow section.
- (4) Control Mechanism Hand Operated Sluice Gate.
- (5) Other None

SECTION 2 - ENGINEERING DATA

2.1 Design Data

The present Whitmans Pond Dam replaced an earlier dam located in the same vicinity as the present dam. The present dam was designed by Metcalf & Eddy, Engineers (now Metcalf & Eddy, Inc.) of Boston, Massachusetts. Copies of drawings which are pertinent to consideration of dam safety are included in Appendix B. Hydrologic, hydraulic, and soils data relating to the design of the dam was located in the Town Engineer's Office in Weymouth, Massachusetts, and has been reviewed by the inspection team.

2.2 Construction Data

The dam was built in 1970 as part of the Flood Control Conduit and Siphon Spillways, Herring Brook Project by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts, Department of Public Works, Division of Waterways, but no construction records have been recovered.

2.3 Operation Data

No engineering operational data was disclosed for the dam.

2.4 Evaluation

- a. Availability. The plans, hydrologic data, hydaulic data and borings logs located in the Town Engineer's Office supplemented by the visual observations of the inspection team, form the basis for the information presented in this report.
- b. Adequacy. Sufficient engineering data was recovered to assess the structural stability of the concrete dam. No data was available to assess the safety of the earth abutment zones. The overall adequacy of the dam was assessed on the basis of the data recovered supplemented by visual inspection, past perfromance history and engineering judgement.
- c. Validity. The validity of the engineering data acquired covering the dam is considered acceptable and is not challenged.

SECTION 3 - VISUAL INSPECTION

3.1 Findings

- a. General. The visual inspection of Whitmans Pond Dam took place on 18 April 1980. On that date water was flowing over the ogee crest spillway, through the fish ladder and through at least two of the four siphon units. However, the rate of flow over the dam was relatively low. There was no evidence of any major problems with the dam. The physical condition of the dam was judged to be good.
- b. Dam and Appurtenant Structures. Whitmans Pond Dam is a concrete gravity structure consisting of three basic components: a fish ladder on the left abutment; an ogee shaped overflow section located just to the right of the fish ladder; and a siphon spillway structure containing four siphon units. The dam has a maximum height of 16 ft. from channel bottom to the top of the siphon structure and the distance from the left abutment to the right abutment is about 60 ft. The fish ladder has a clear opening of 3 ft. and is about 75 ft. long. The ogee shaped overflow section has a total crest length of 25 ft. with a clear opening length of 24 ft. The crest of the overflow section is 5.8 ft. below the top of the dam. On the right side of the overflow section, at channel bottom is a sluiceway which is controled by a 2.3 ft. square sluice gate. The control mechanism for the sluice gate is hand operated from a small bridge which spans part of the overflow section. The siphon spillway structure located to the right of the overflow section is 29 ft. wide and has four siphon units. Each unit is 6 ft. wide by 5 ft. high at its throat and the interior crest elevations are 66.8 for unit one, 66.6 for unit two, 66.7 for unit three, and 66.9 for unit four. Just upstream of the dam, a reinforced concrete girder foot bridge spans the approach channel.

Bedrock outcrops consisting of very massive and only slightly jointed granite are located on the right abutment above the dam. It appears the dam is founded on bedrock since the design drawings contain logs of test borings cored into bedrock.

The downstream face of the dam as shown in Photo's #1,2,3 and 4 is in good condition. Heavy stone revetment downstream of the training wall to the right of the outlet end of the siphon structure has been displaced and their is minor erosion downstream of the right training wall (see Photo #5).

Photos 6 and 7 show the concrete fish structure on the left abutment. The concrete is in generally excellent condition. There is, however, erosion of the downstream earth slope behind the left training wall of the fish ladder.

Photo #8 is a view of the right training wall of the approximately 350 ft. long spillway approach channel. This rubble masonry wall is part of the older dam which was replaced in 1935. The wall appears to be in good condition in spite of the fact that the joints are not mortared.

A bridge which is in fair condition spans the spillway approach channel. The spillway approach channel training walls are in generally excellent condition with no evidence of movement or distress of any kind. The concrete is in excellent condition with only minor random cracking observed and minor efflorescence (see Photo Nos. 9 & 10). The downstream face of the concrete ogee overflow section appears to be in good condition (see Photo No. 11).

The outlet end of the siphon spillway structure appears to be in good condition. As shown on Photo 12, only two of the four siphons were operating at the time of the inspection.

There is a sluiceway under the ogee over flow section at the intersection with the siphon structure as shown on Photo 13. Though the sluice gate was not operated during the time of inspection it was reported to be in good working condition. There is an approximately 3 ft. long by $\frac{1}{2}$ in. to 1 in. wide crack in the concrete to the left of the sluiceway on the siphon structure wall.

- c. Reservoir Area. The pond's shoreline upstream of the dam appears to be stable with no evidence of sliding. The area above the easterly side of the pond is a densely developed residential area. The north shore of the pond is occuppied in part by a Federal housing project and the remainder by other residential development. The land along the westerely shore of the pond is densely developed. The shore along the southern portion of the pond is bordered by extensive gravel pit areas.
- d. Downstream Channel. The river slopes downstream of the dam on both the left and right embankments were inspected and no seepage was emanating from the slopes. Discharges from Whitmans Pond Dam flow into Iron Hill Reservoir which is a small impoundment about 850 ft. long and about 100 ft. wide. Iron Hill Reservoir is impounded by Iron Hill Dam which is also a concrete gravity structure with siphon spillways. Herring Brook is located below the Iron Hill Dam and extends downstream for a distance of about 3,000 ft. until it reaches the Weymouth Back River just below the Penn Central Railroad. At the toe of Iron Hill Dam there is a flood control conduit which parallels Herring Brook for a distance of about 1,800 ft. and ends a short distance downstream of Broad Street. The flood control conduit has a carrying capacity of about 2,500 cfs. It was constructed as part of the flood control project and together with the Whitmans Pond Dam and the Iron Hill Dam protects the heavily built-up community of East Weymouth. Part of the East Weymouth community is located in the flood plain of Herring Brook. Below Broad Street the old Herring Brook channel and the flood control conduit join together and flow through a recently constructed open channel, and then under the Penn Central Railroad, and into the Weymouth Back River.

3.2 Evaluation

The visual inspection has adequately revealed key characteristics of the dam as they may relate to its stability and integrity. The dam and appurtenant works were judged to be in good physical condition. Minor erosion of the right earth abutment was noted at the downstream end of the dam just beyond the riprap protection beyond the siphon spillway structure. There is also erosion of the left earth abutment at the downstream end of the fish ladder. There is no regular periodic maintenance program.

SECTION 4 - OPERATIONAL AND MAINTENANCE PROCEDURES

4.1 Operational Procedures

- a. General. The dam is owned and operated by the Town of Weymouth. It is operated in conjunction with the Iron Hill Dam located about 850 ft. downstream as a means of flood protection for the community located downstream and for maintaining water levels in Whitmans Pond for recreational uses.
- b. <u>Description of any Warning System in Effect</u>. No warning system is in effect at Whitmans Pond Dam.

4.2 Maintenance Procedures

- a. General. There is no documented periodic maintenance program in effect at Whitmans Pond Dam. There are, however, a few items which require periodic maintenance, such as: the removal of brush growth from the abutments; the upkeep of the concrete in the spillway structures and training walls; keeping the overflow section spillway free of debris; keeping the trash racks at the entrance of the siphon spillways free from debris; surveillance of the abutment slopes with regards to erosion; and maintenance of the sluice gate.
- b. Operating Facilities. The only operating facility for the dam is the sluice gate which appears to be well maintained and was reported to be in operating condition.

4.3 Evaluation

Overall maintenance of the facility is good. Specific maintenance items are evaluated as follows; there was very little brush growth on the slopes of the abutments; there was only a small amount of debris on the trash racks at the entrance to the siphon spillways; the concrete appeared to be in good condition; there was a small amount of erosion noted in the downstream channel embankment on the right side of the channel; and there was erosion of the abutment slopes at the lower end of the left training wall of the fish ladder. The owner should establish a formal downstream warning system for the dam in the event of an emergency.

SECTION 5: EVALUATION OF HYDRAULIC/HYDROLOGIC FEATURES

5.1 General.

Whitmans Pond Dam is a mass concrete dam consisting of three major elements; a fish ladder, an overflow section, and a siphon spillway structure containing four siphon units. The dam impounds a normal storage of about 550 acre-ft. with provisions for an additional 1,450 acre-ft. of capacity in its surcharge space to the top of dam. It is basically a low surcharge - high spillage facility used to impound water for recreational purposes and to provide flood control protection for a downstream community. The spillways are capable of discharging about 3.150 cfs with the surcharge to the top The general topographic characteristics of the 12.1 sq. mi. drainage basin is best described as flat and coastal, which rises from elevation 66.6 at spillway crest to elevation 170. The drainage area contains a mixture of forested areas and heavily developed urban areas. Weymouth Great Pond which has a drainage area of about 2.9 sq. mi. is located in the upper reaches of the drainage area. Because of the substantial volume of storage available in Weymouth Great Pond, the drainage area above the outlet of the pond was not included in calculating the test flood for Whitmans Pond Dam. Thus the net area used for calculating the test flood inflow was 9.2 sq. mi.

5.2 Design Data.

Three reports were located which contain preliminary hydrologic and hydraulic design data for the dam. The titles of these reports are as follows: (1) Town of Weymouth, Massachusetts, Report to Drainage Committee Upon Storm Water Drainage, dated March 11, 1957; (2) Town of Weymouth, Massachusetts, Appendix to Report to, Drainage Committee Upon Storm Water Drainage, dated March 11, 1957; and (3) Site Investigations for Flood Control Works at Herring Brook and Whitmans Pond Outlet, Weymouth, Massachusetts, dated June 20, 1969.

All three of the reports were prepared by Metcalf and Eddy, Engineers, Boston, Massachusetts. The reports were reviewed by the inspection team and are on file at the Weymouth Town Engineer's Office. The following was extracted from the 1969 Report: "According to the 1957 Report, the peak rate of runoff which could be expected to Whitmans Pond was estimated at 5,100 cfs. This is about 75 percent of the "maximum" flood peak indicated by using the Kinnison-Colby formula. Coefficients used in the formula are based on the area being developed to its estimated fullest extent, thus producing the maximum expected flows.....Using the storage available in Whitmans Pond and the flood routing method of computation, the peak rate of outflow to be expected from the pond was estimated at approximately 2,500 cfs".

5.3 Experience Data.

No records are available in regard to past operation of the reservoir, nor of surcharge encroachments and flows through the spillway of the present dam. However, in the 1957 Reports mentioned above, it was estimated that the maximum discharge over the dam which preceded the

present dam at Whitmans Pond was 1,100 cfs during hurricane "Diane" of Aug. 18-19, 1955. It was estimated that the surcharge elevation during the storm peaked at about elevation 71.5 ft.

5.4 <u>Test Flood Analysis</u>.

Hydrologic and hydraulic characteristics of Whitmans Pond Dam and drainage area were evaluated in accordance with the criteria given in Recommended Guidelines for Safety Inspection of Dams. As indicated in Section 1.2, paragraphs c and d, Whitmans Pond Dam is classified as intermediate in size and has a high hazard potential. The recommended test flood for hydraulic evaluation of such a dam is a full Probable Maximum Flood, (PMF).

Precipitation data were obtained from Hydrometerological Report No. 33, which for this area of Massachusetts is about 23.5 in of 6 hour maximum rainfall over a 10 square mile area. This value was then reduced by 20 percent to allow for basin size, shape and fit factors, and an additional 0.4 in. was deducted for infiltration losses. The six hour rainfall was distributed into one hour incremental periods as suggested in COE Publication EC 1110-2-1411.

A triangular incremental unitgraph was assumed for the inflow hydrograph using a computed lag time of 13.2 hours to derive a time-to-peak for the triangular hydrograph of 11.23 hours (see computations on Sheets D-11 and D-12, Appendix D). The test flood hydrograph is shown on Sheet D-13, Appendix D, indicating a peak inflow of about 6,850 cfs or a CSM value of about 565 cfs. This value is in close agreement with the peak inflow derived by the Kinnison-Colby formula in the 1957 Report and is also in close agreement with the envelope curve value given in the March 1978 Preliminary Guidance for Estimating Maximum Probable Discharges for Flat and Coastal Areas for a drainage area of 9.2 sq. mi.

Discharge tables and curves for the spillway facilities and for over the top of the dam are shown on Sheets D-6 thru D-10, Appendix D. The discharge through the 2.5 ft. square sluice has been neglected.

Flood routings were performed for both the test flood and a $^{1}2PMF$. Results of these routings are shown on Sheets D-13 and D-14, Appendix D, and are summarized as follows:

Flood <u>Magnitude</u>	Routed Test Flood Inflow (cfs)	Maximum Res. El (ft. NGVD)	Max. Head Over Dam (ft.)	Routed Test Flood Outflow (cfs)
PMF (Test	6,850	75.1	2.7	. 5,100
Flood) 4PMF	3,425	70.5	None	2,480

From the above table it can be seen that the project will not pass the routed test flood outflow without overtopping the dam by 2.7 ft. The project, however, can handle about 62 percent of the routed test outflow without overtopping the dam.

5.5 Dam Failure Analysis.

Whereas the dam is a relatively low massive concrete structure, it was assumed that the most likely place for failure would be in the abutment area. For this analysis a 25 ft. wide section of the abutment was assumed to fail. With the water surface level at top of dam and using an orifice formula, the discharge through the failed section was calculated to be 3,370 cfs. The spillway discharge at the time of failure would be about 3,150 cfs resulting in a total discharge of about 6,500 cfs.

The outflow from Whitman Pond Dam discharges into Iron Hill Reservoir, passes over Iron Hill Dam and thence along Herring Brook through the heavily built-up community of East Weymouth to the Weymouth Back River. Below Iron Hill Dam there is a flood control conduit which carries flows from the Iron Hill Dam for a distance of about 1,800 ft. to an open channel about 1,400 ft. upstream from the Penn Central Railroad. The railroad is supported by a high embankment through which passes an 8 ft. wide by 11 ft. high box culvert, and two 10 ft. dia. concrete pipes, which carry flows from Herring Brook to the Weymouth Back River. It is estimated that the breach discharge would be about 5,800 cfs at the railroad crossing and that the stage in the brook would be about at elevation 27, which is a rise of about 12 ft. above that to be expected from the spillway discharge. Water would be pooled over more than 50 percent of the reach between Iron Hill Dam and the Penn Central Railroad causing flooding of the Pingree School up to a depth of 7 ft., and flooding four industrial buildings, seven commercial buildings and a few houses all located downstream of Broad Street to a depth ranging between 1 and 5 ft. It is estimated that no significant flooding of structures would exist in this area due to the spillway discharge alone. Above Broad Street the flood control conduit would carry about 2,500 cfs of the breach discharge and the remaining discharge of 4,000 cfs would travel down the original Herring Brook Channel. It is estimated that about 16 commercial buildings and about 6 houses would be flooded by the breach discharge to depths ranging from 1 to 5 ft. In addition to the flooding of structures several streets would be flooded in the damage reach. Based upon the carrying capacity of the flood control conduit and the original Herring Brook channel it is estimated that only minor flooding of the area between Broad Street and the Iron Hill Dam would occur due to the maximum spillway discharge of 3,150 cfs.

In summary, a school building, four industrial buildings, about 23 commercial buildings, and about 7 houses, as well as several local streets are within the area of potential flooding. Therefore, in accordance with the Recommended Guidline for Safety Inspection of Dams the project is classified as having a high hazard potential. There is also the potential for the loss of more than a few lives. The area of potential flooding is shown in Appendix D, page D-19.

SECTION 6 - EVALUATION OF STRUCTURAL STABILITY

6.1 Visual Observations

There are no design calculations available for review of the structural stability of the dam and appurtenant structures; however, the relatively wide base slab for the ogee section with respect to its height and the fact that it is founded on a sound granite bedrock, plus the absence of any distress or displacements in the structure indicate that the dam is stable in its present state. However, some minor repair of riprap and of eroded areas as described in Section 7 should be undertaken.

6.2 Design and Construction Data

Design drawings for the dam and the Herring Brook Flood Control conduit consisting of twenty-two sheets were available for review. These sheets show the details for the design of the structure as well as the nature of the foundation soil and rock conditions beneath the structure as revealed by approximately twenty-two (22) borings taken at this site and at the Iron Hill Dam site. Although calculations pertaining to the stability of the concrete gravity sections were not available for review, it may be concluded on the basis of the design drawings and the visual inspection that the gravity ogee overflow section and spillway siphon structure are presently in a stable condition.

6.3 Post Construction Changes

There are no records of any major post construction changes made to the dam over the course of its history. The dam was constructed in 1970 and replaced an older dam which formerly existed at the site. One remnant of the older dam is a masonry rubble gravity training wall on the right abutment approach channel. This retaining wall appears to be in good condition even though the joints are not mortared.

6.4 Seismic Stability

The dam is located in Seismic Zone No. 3. Phase I Guidelines recommend, as a minimum, that suitable analysis made by conventional equivalent static load methods should be on record for dams in Zone No. 3. As far as can be determined, no such analysis has been made.

SECTION 7

ASSESSMENT, RECOMMENDATIONS AND REMEDIAL MEASURES

7.1 Dam Assessment

- a. <u>Condition</u>. On the basis of the Phase I visual examination, Whitmans Pond Dam is judged to be in good physical conditon; however, because the spillway will only pass 62 percent of the routed test flood outflow, the dam has been given an overall rating of fair.
- b. Adequacy of Information. Though the lack of in-depth engineering data did not allow for a definitive review, the information that was recovered, together with the visual inspection, was considered adequate for the purpose of making an assessment of the performance of the dam.
- c. <u>Urgency</u>. The recommendations and remedial measures enumerated below should be implemented by the owner within one year after receipt of this Phase I Inspection Report.

7.2 Recommendations

It is recommended that the owner engage a qualified engineer to make investigations and studies of the following.

- (1) Perform a detailed hydraulic and hydrologic study to further assess the need for and means to increase the project discharge capacity.
- (2) Make a seismic investigation of the dam and analysis by conventional equivalent static load methods.

7.3 Remedial Measures

a. Operating and Maintenance Procedures.

- (1) Repair erosion at the downstream end of the left training wall of the fish ladder with compacted gravel fill and locally place riprap in the vicinity of the water surface on the downstream side of the end of the retaining wall.
- (2) Repair the slope behind the right retaining wall on the right abutment with suitable compacted earthfill.
- (3) Develop an "Emergency Action Plan" that will include an effective preplanned downstream warning system, locations of emergency equipment, materials and manpower, authorities to contact and potential areas that require evacuation. The plan will also include round-the-clock monitoring of the project during periods of heavy precipitation.
- (4) Institute procedures for an biennial technical inspection of the dam and its appurtenant structures.

(5) Implement a regular periodic maintenance program.

7.4 Alternatives

There are no feasible alternatives to the above recommendations.

Appendix A
Inspection Checklist

VISUAL INSPECTION CHECKLIST PARTY ORGANIZATION

PROJECT Whitmans Pond Dam		DATE 18 April 1980	<u> </u>
OWNER: Town of Weymouth, MA.		TIME 1:30 PM	•
		WEATHER Clear/Warm	
		W.S. ELEV. 70.0 U.S.	DN.S.
PARTY:			
1. Peter R. Dyson	6	Robert Millett	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
2. Pasquale E. Corsetti	7		
3. Roger F. Berry	8		
4. Carl J. Hoffman	9		
5. William S. Zoino	10		
PROJECT FEATURE		INSPECTED BY	REMARKS
1. Hydrologic		Roger F. Berry	LBA
2. Structures/Hydraulics		Carl J. Hoffman	LBA
3. Geothechnical		William S. Zoino	GZA
4. General Features		Peter B. Dyson	LBA
5. General Features		Pasquale E. Corsetti	LBA
6			
7			
8			
9			
10			

LBA- Louis Berger & Associates, Inc. GZA- Goldberg-Zoino & Associates, Inc.

PERIODIC INSPECTION CHECKLIST

PROJECT Whitmans Pond Dam	DATE 18 April 1980
PROJECT FEATURE Sluiceway (low level	NAME
outlet) DISCIPLINE <u>Hydraulics/Structures</u>	NAME Carl J. Hoffman
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITIONS
OUTLET WORKS - TRANSITION AND CONDUIT	
General Condition of Concrete	Good
Rust or Staining on Concrete	None
Spalling	None
Erosion or Cavitation	None
Cracking	None
Alignment of Monoliths	NA
Alignment of Joints	N A
Numbering of Monoliths	N A

PERIODIC INSPECTION CHECKLIST

PROJECT Whitmans Pond Dam	DATE 18 April 1980
PROJECT FEATURE Ogee Shaped Spillway	NAME
DISCIPLINE Hydraulics/Structures	NAME Carl J. Hoffman
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITIONS
OUTLET WORKS - SPILLWAY WEIR, APPROACH AND DISCHARGE CHANNELS	
a. Approach Channel	
General Condition	Good
Loose Rock Overhanging Channel	None
Trees Overhanging Channel	None
Floor of Approach Channel	Not Visible
b. Weir and Training Walls	
General Condition of Concrete	Good
Rust or Staining	Minor
Spalling	None
Any Visible Reinforcing	None
Any Seepage or Efflorescence	None
Drain Holes	NA
c. Discharge Channel	
General Condition	Good
Loose Rock Overhanging Channel	None
Trees Overhanging Channel	None
Floor of Channel	Not Visible
Other Obstructions	None

PERIODIC INSPECTION CHECKLIST

PROJECT Whitmans Pond Dam	DATE 18 April 1980
PROJECT FEATURE Siphon Spillways	NAME
DISCIPLINE Hydraulics/Structures	NAME Carl J. Hoffman
AREA EVALUATED	CONDITIONS
OUTLET WORKS - SPILLWAY WEIR, APPROACH AND DISCHARGE CHANNELS	
a. Approach Channel	
General Condition	Good
Loose Rock Overhanging Channel	None
Trees Overhanging Channel	None
Floor of Approach Channel	Not Visible
b. Weir and Training Walls	
General Condition of Concrete	Good
Rust or Staining	Minor
Spalling	None
Any Visible Reinforcing	None
Any Seepage or Efflorescence	None
Drain Holes	N A
c. Discharge Channel	
General Condition	Good
Loose Rock Overhanging Channel	None
Trees Overhanging Channel	None
Floor of Channel	Not Visible
Other Obstructions	None
Minor cracking of concrete	

PERIODIC INSPECTION CHECKLIST

PROJECT: Whitmans Pond Dam

DATE: 18 April 1980

AREA EVALUATED	CONDITIONS
Dam Embankment	N/A
Dike Embankment	N/A
Outlet Works - Intake Channel and Intake Structure	N/A
Outlet Works - Control Tower	N/A
Outlet Works - Outlet Structure and Outlet Channel	N/A
Outlet Works ~ Service Bridge	N/A

Appendix B
Engineering Data

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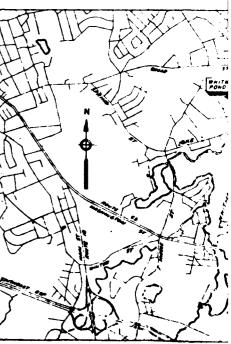
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GENERAL NOTES

- I. ALL ELEVATIONS ARE IN FEET ABOVE MEAN-SEA LEVEL
- 2. LOCATIONS OF UTILITIES AND EXISTING STRUCTURES ARE APPROXIMATE. EXACT LOCATIONS ARE TO BE DETERMINED BY THE CONTRACTOR IN THE FIELD.
- 3. FOR NOTES OF TEST OPRINGS SEE SHEET 21.
- 4. FOR GENERAL STRUCTURAL NOTES SEE SHEET 20.
- 5. SURVEY IMPORMATION IS CONTAINED IN FIELD BOOK +1059
 OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC MORES, BIVISION OF WATERWAYS.

TITLE TITLE SHEET WHITMANS POND SITE PLAN IRON HILL DAM - SITE PLAN IRON HILL DAM - CONDUIT PROFILE MITMANS POND - PLAN WHITMANS POND - SECTIONS II WHITMANS POND - SECTIONS III WHITMANS POND - SECTIONS III WHITMANS POND - SECTIONS IV WHITMANS POND - SECTIONS III WHITMANS POND - SECTIONS III RON HILL DAM - PLAN RON HILL DAM - SECTIONS III RON HILL DAM - STRUCTURAL STANDARDS ROSENG LOGS I

SORING LOGS II



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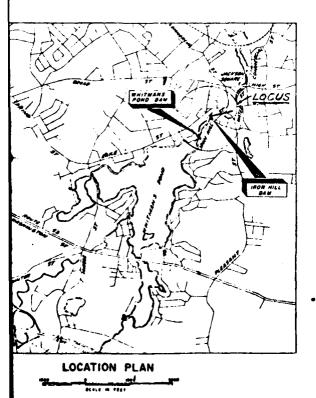
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OF MASSACHUSETTS F PUBLIC WORKS WATERWAYS



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PROPOSED FLOOD CONTROL CONDUIT & SIPHON SPILLWAYS

HERRING BROOK

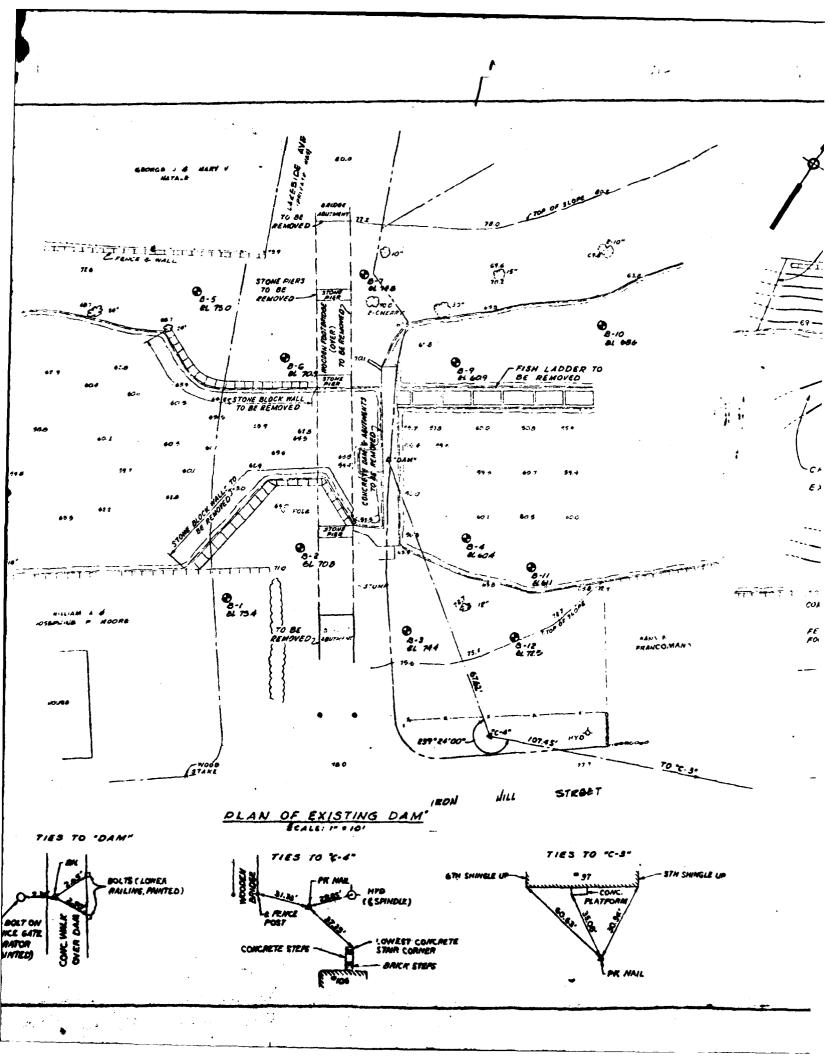
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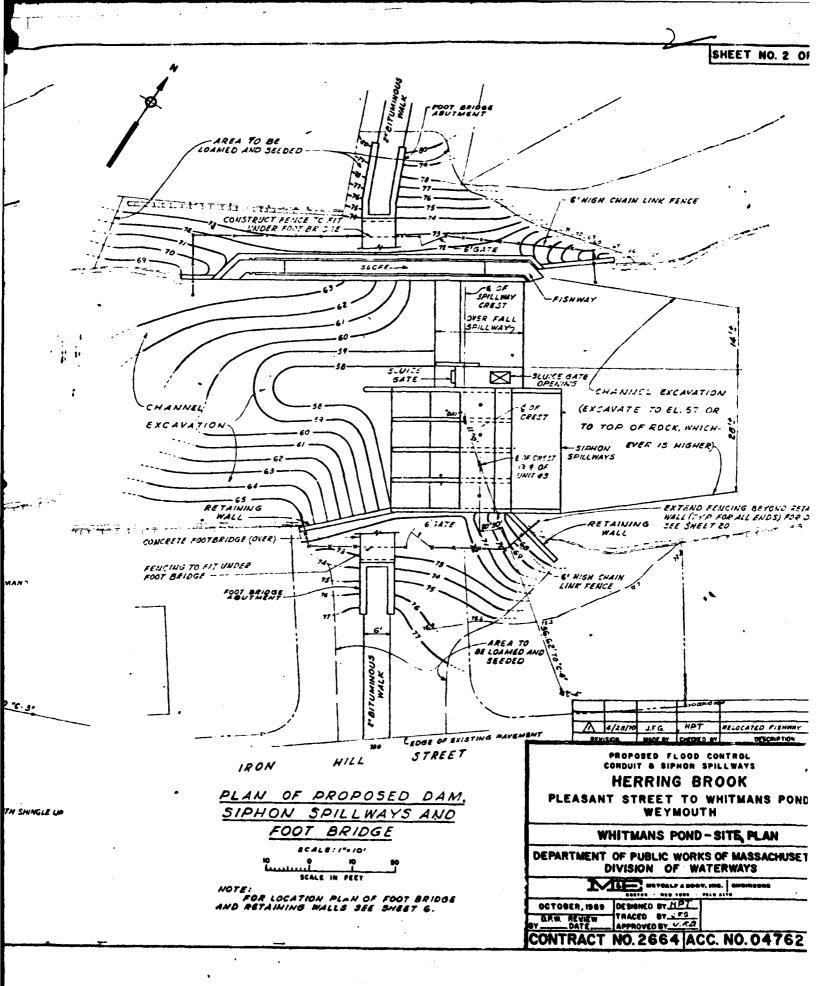
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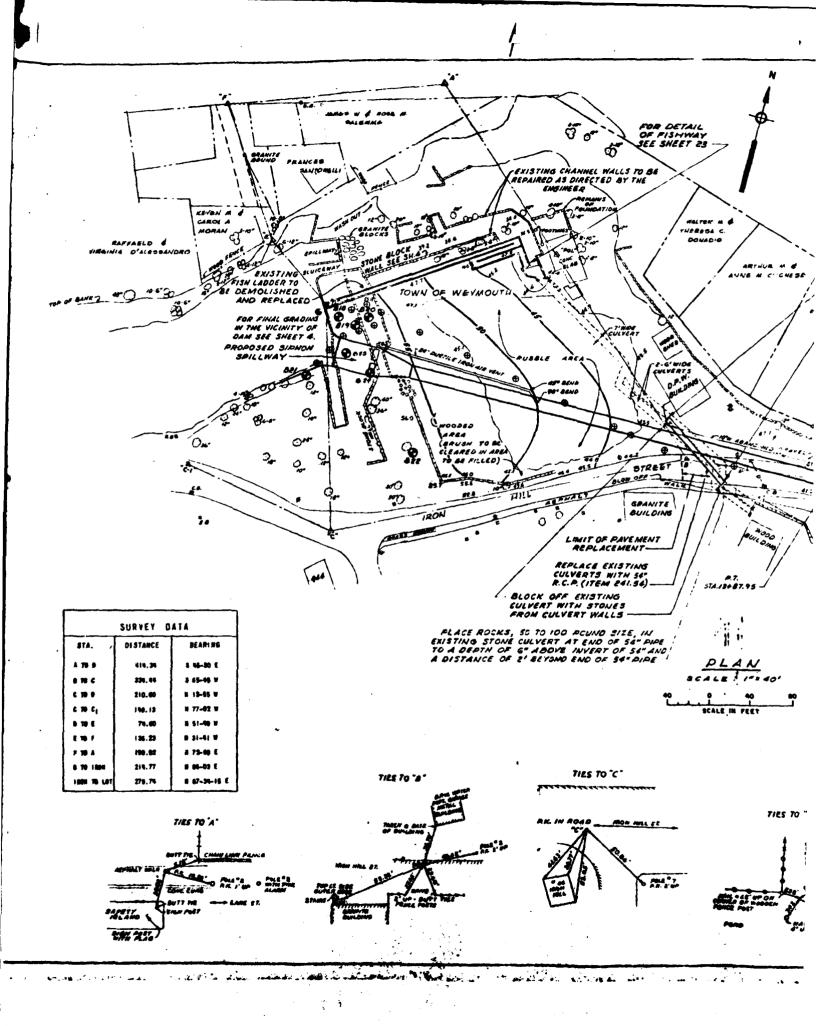


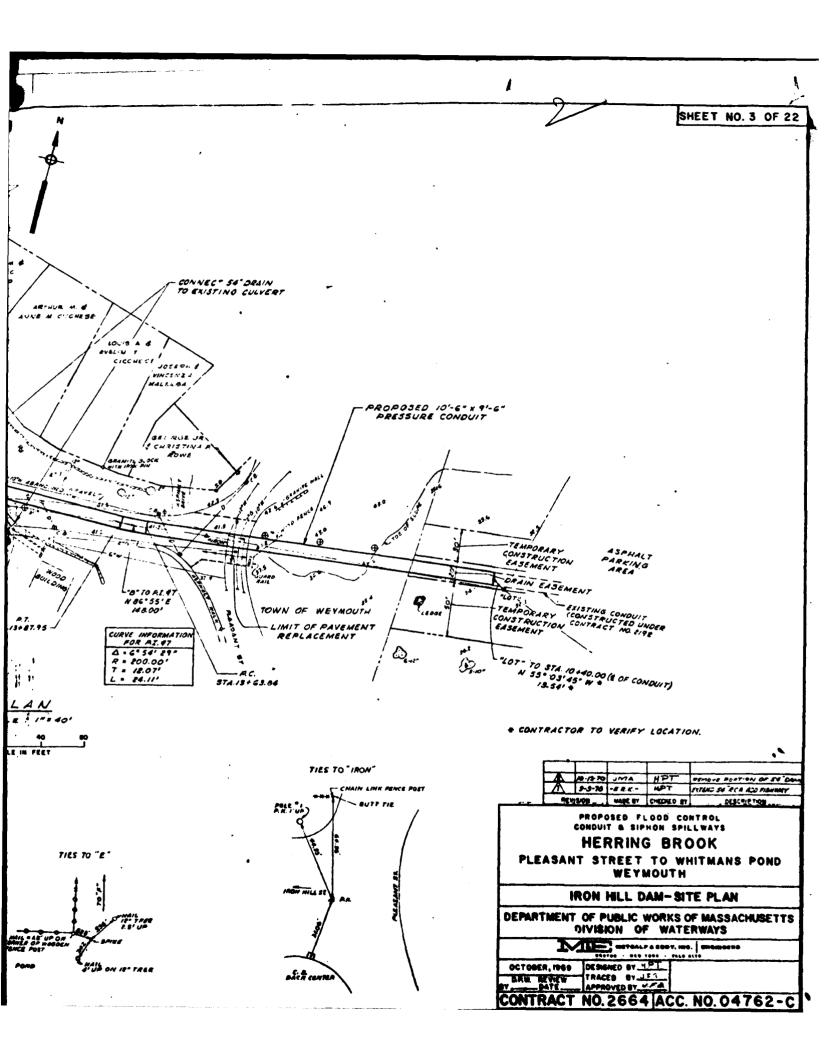
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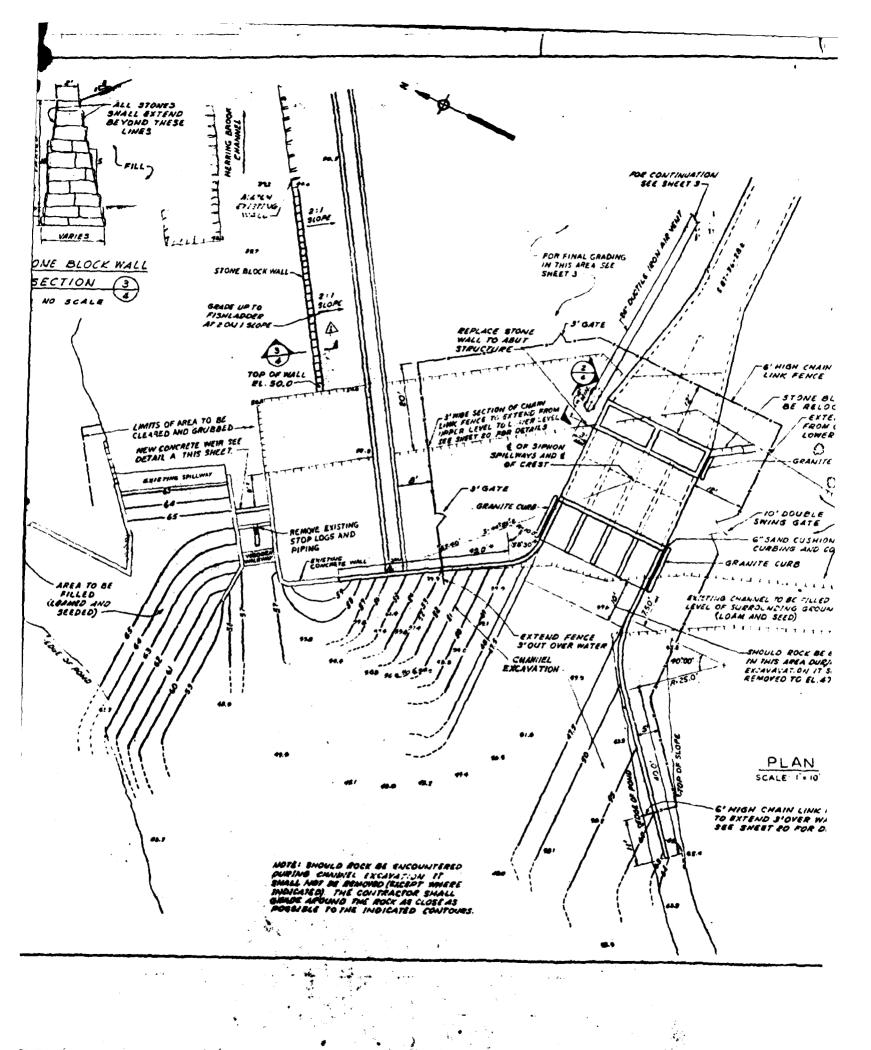
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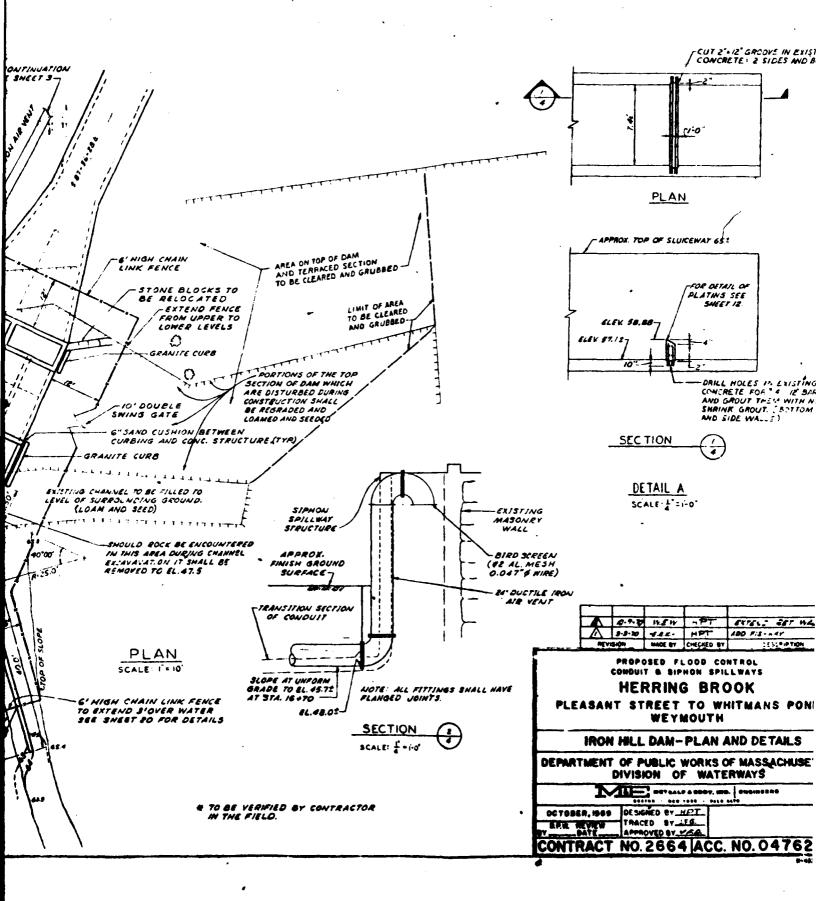


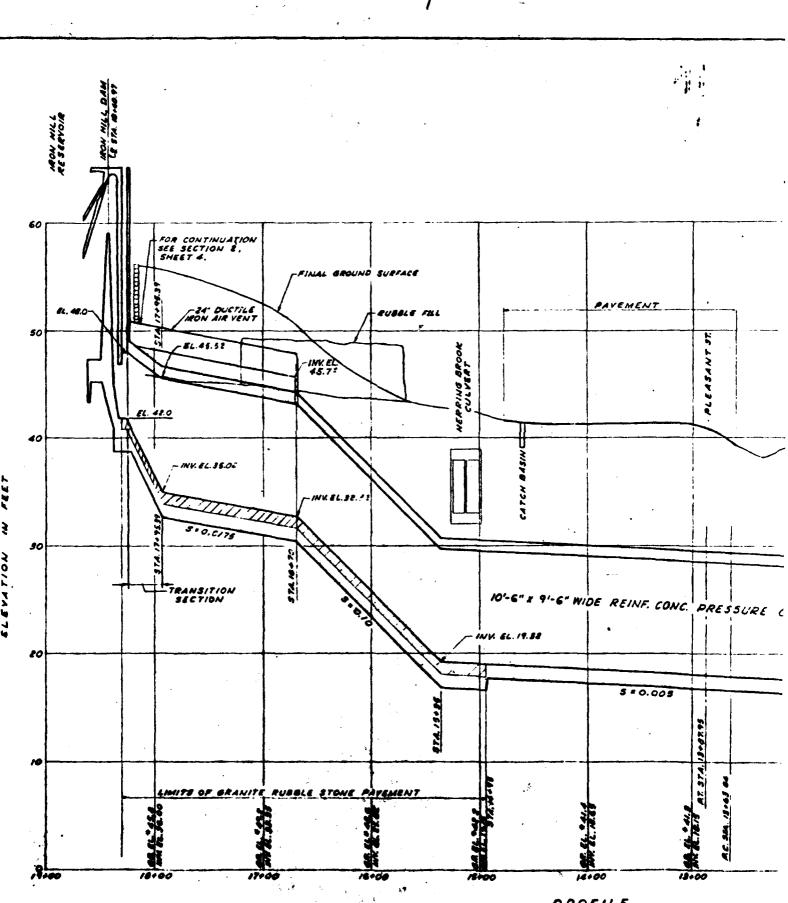








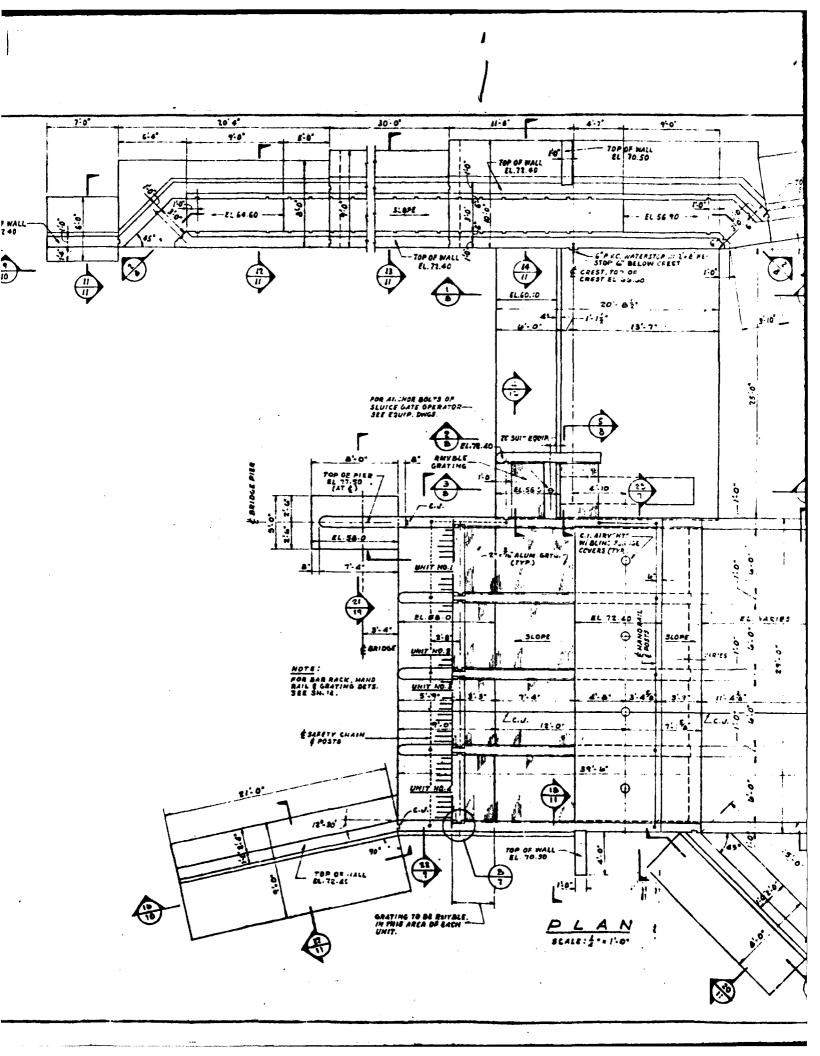


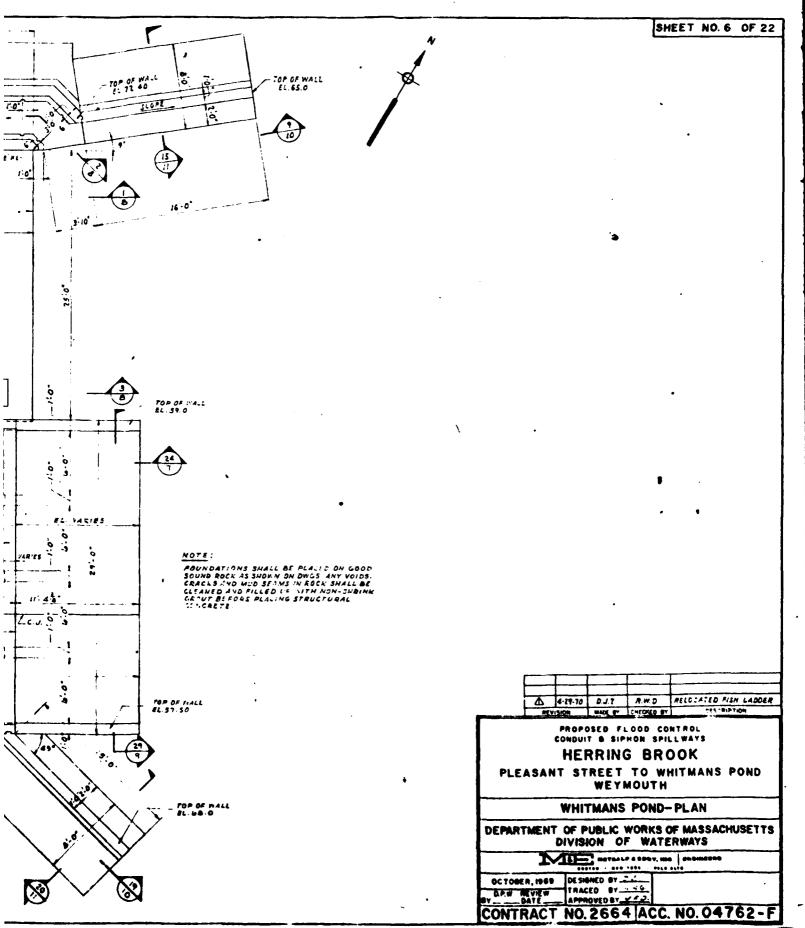


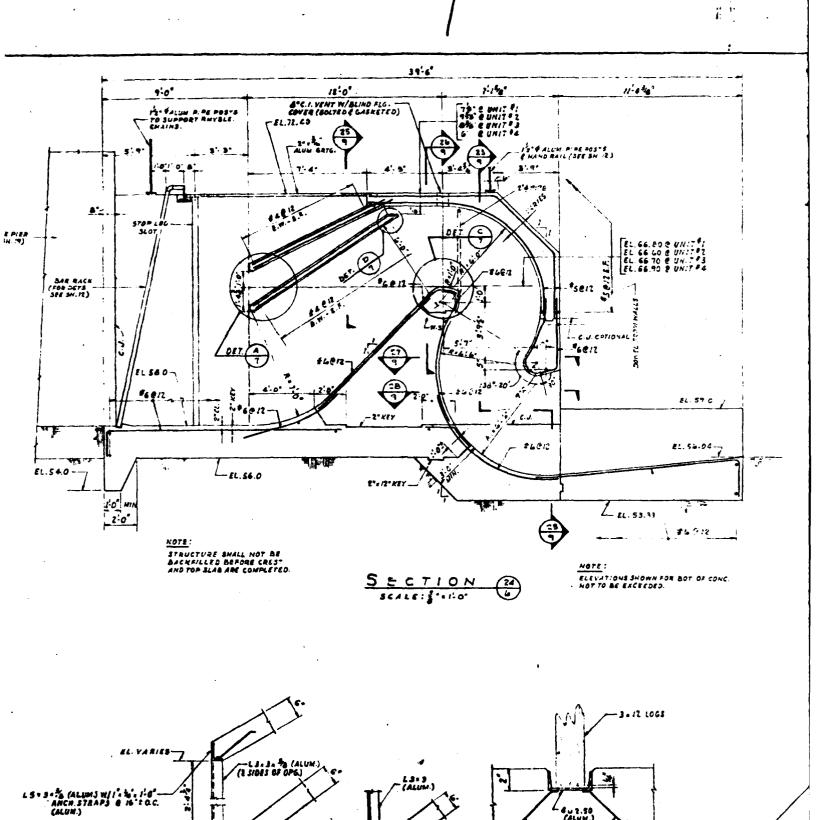
PROFILE

SHEET NO. 5 OF 22 ROXIMATE EXISTING EXISTING CONDUIT CONC. PRESSURE CONDUIT -REMOVE EXISTING TEMPORARY WOODEN BULKHEAD 105 PROPOSED FLOOD CONTEST CONDUIT & SIPHON SPILL WAYS 10 HERRING BROOK PLEASANT STREET TO WHITMANS POND WEYMOUTH IRON HILL DAM - CONDUIT-PROFILE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS OF MASSACHUSETTS
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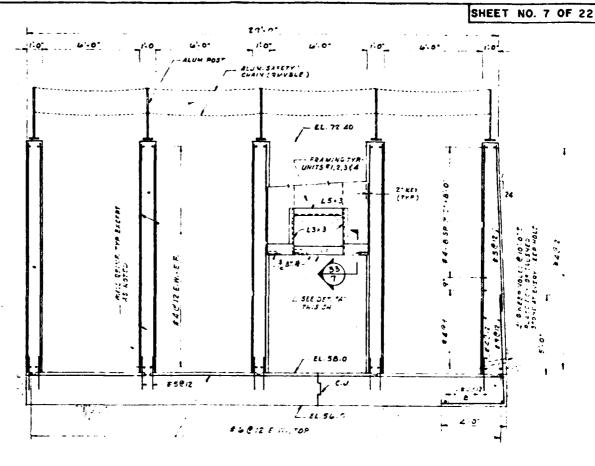




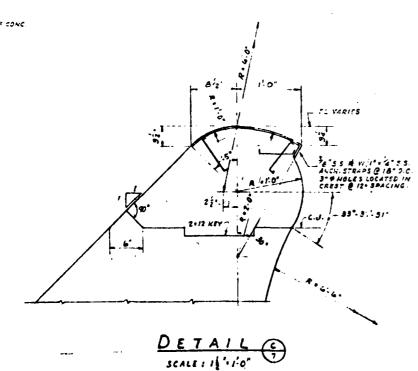
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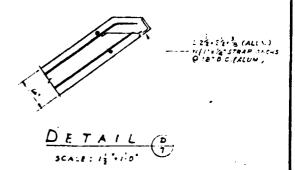
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SECTION (22)



(TYP. CREST DETAIL)



PROPOSED FLOOD CONTROL CONDUIT & SIPHON SPILLWAYS

HERRING BROOK

PLEASANT STREET TO WHITMANS POND WEYMOUTH

WHITMANS POND-SECTIONS I

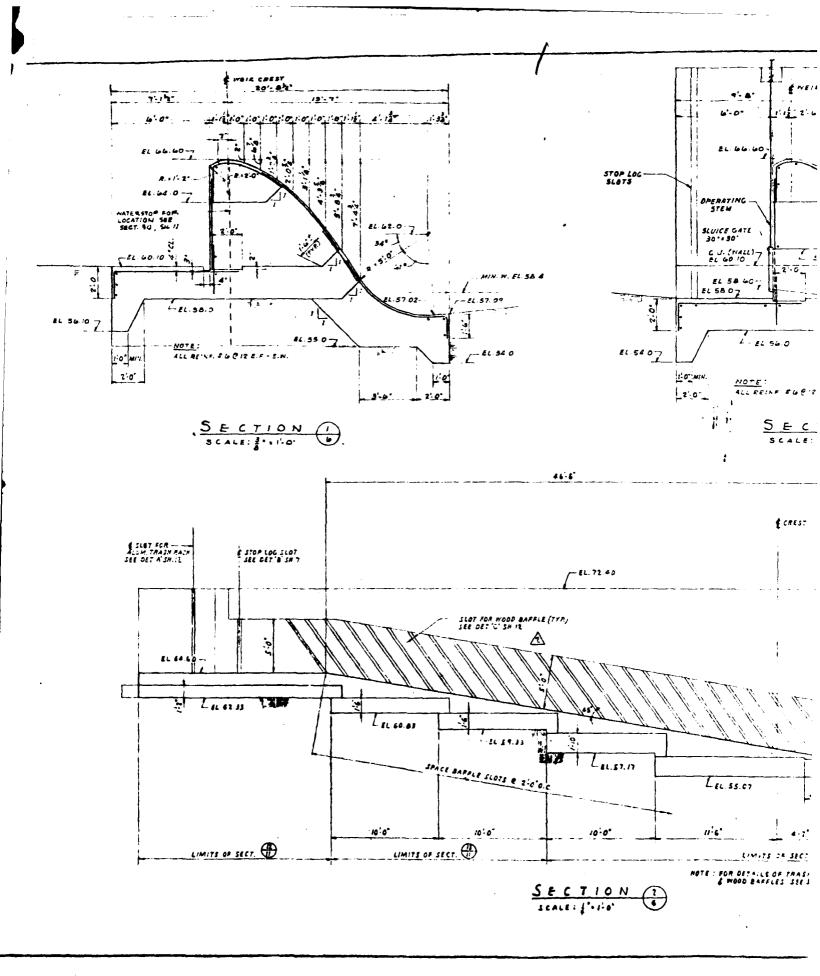
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DIVISION OF WATERWAYS

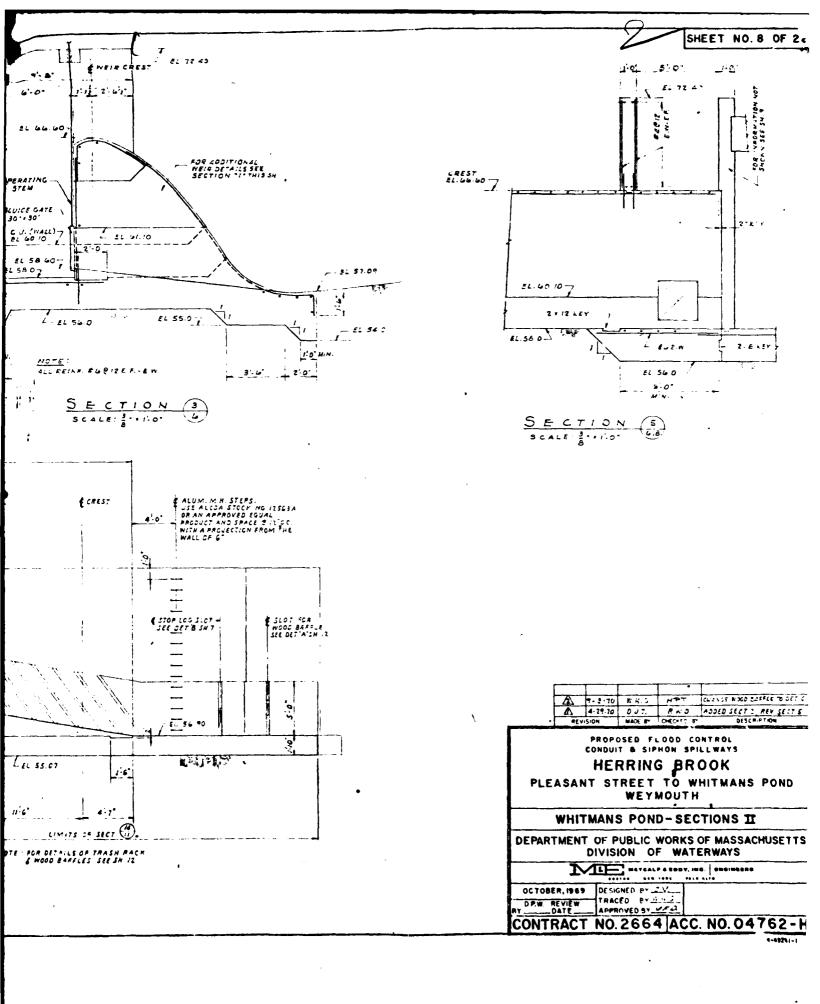
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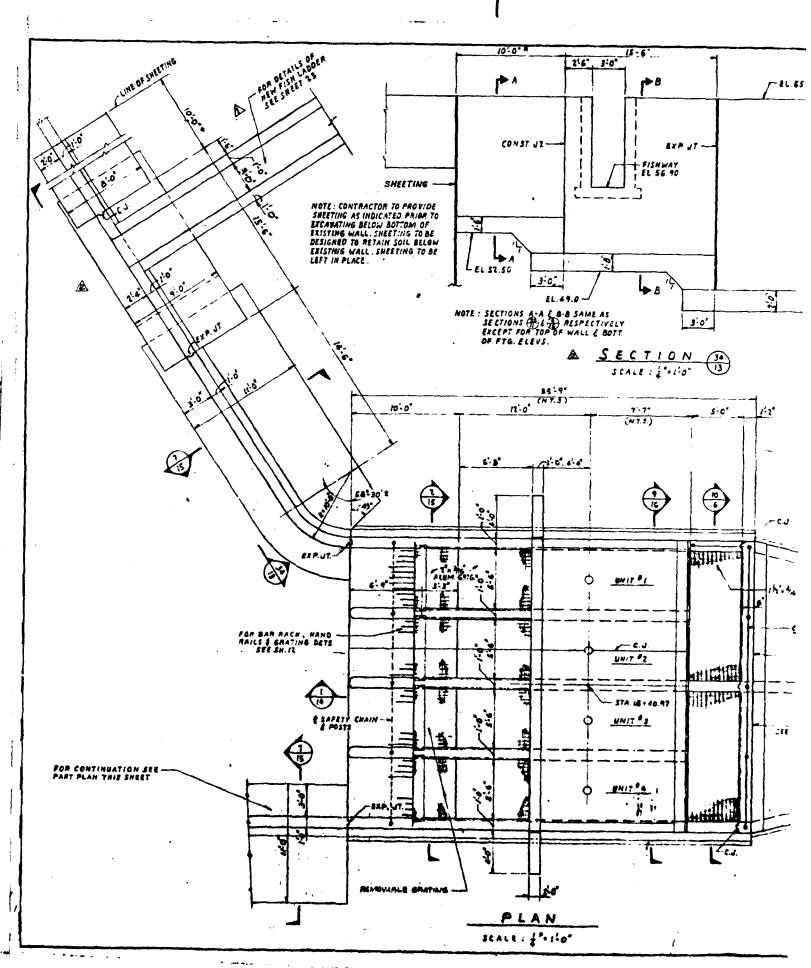
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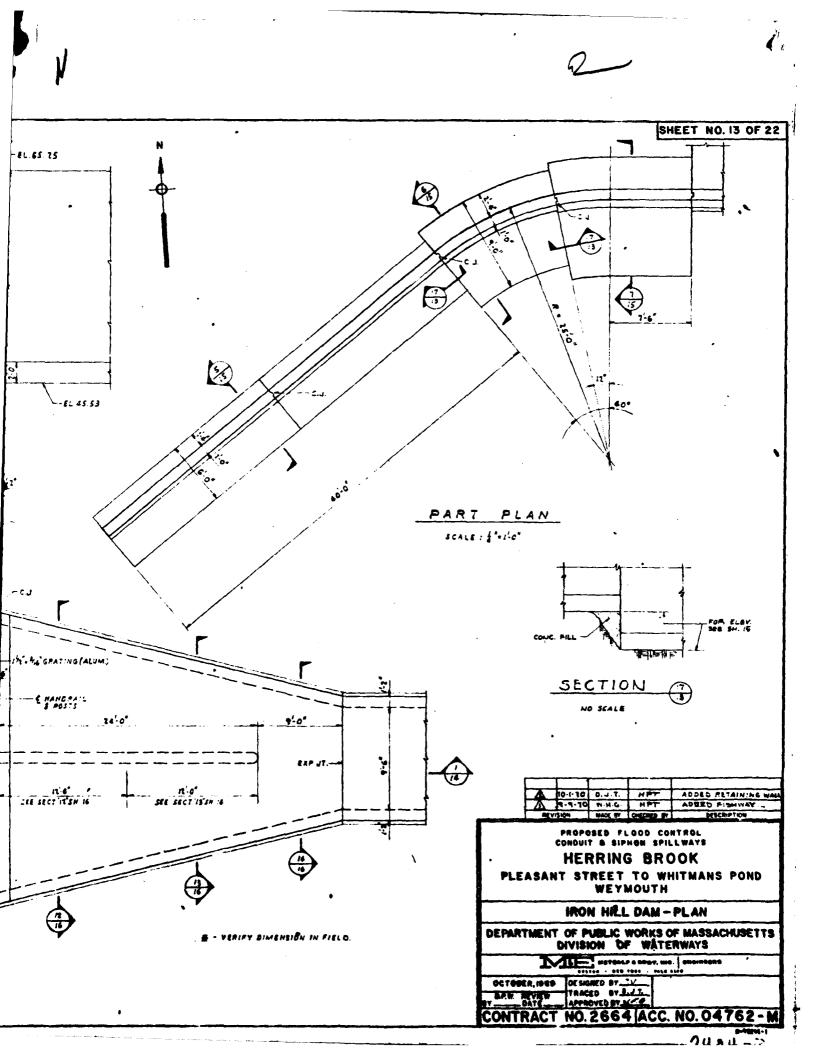
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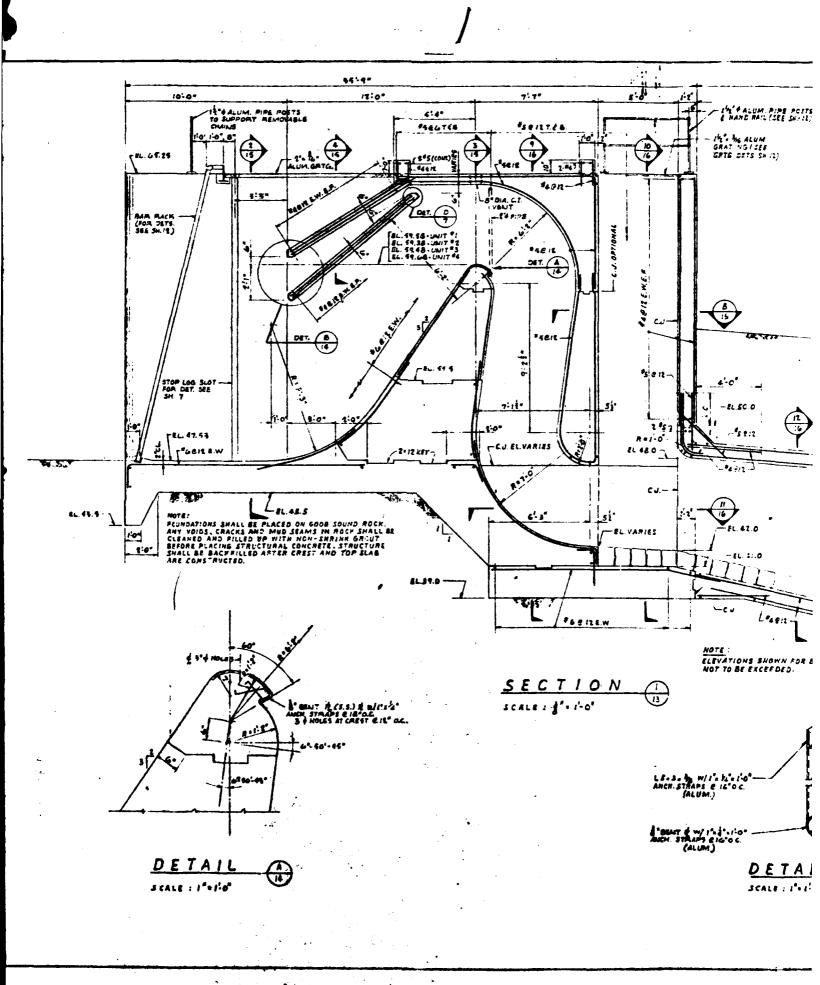
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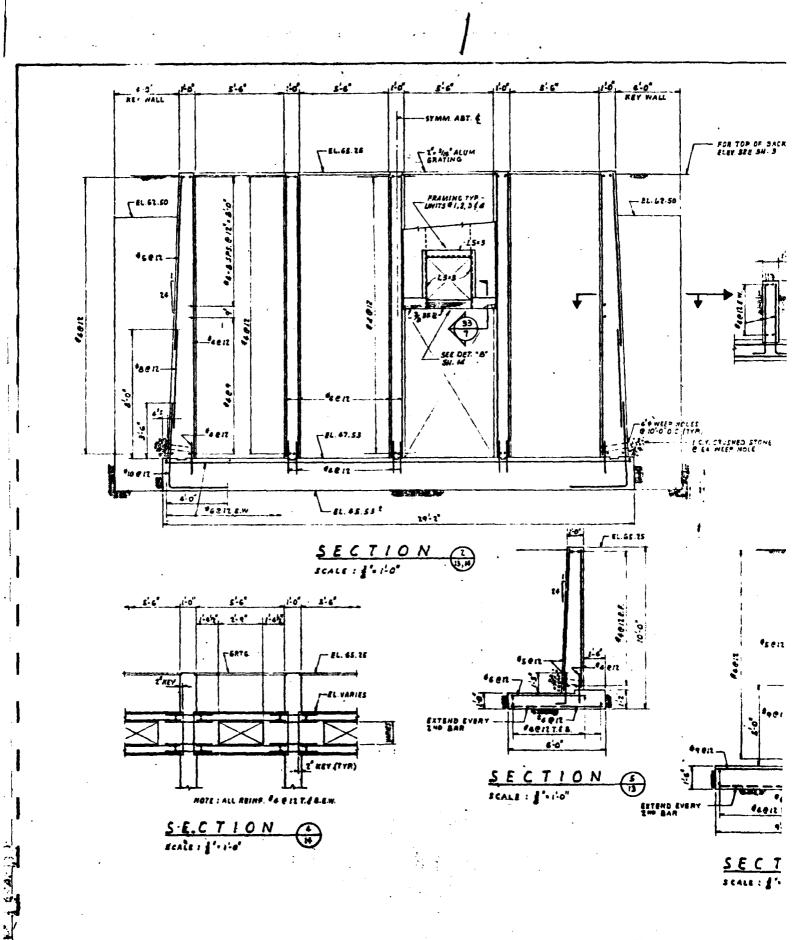




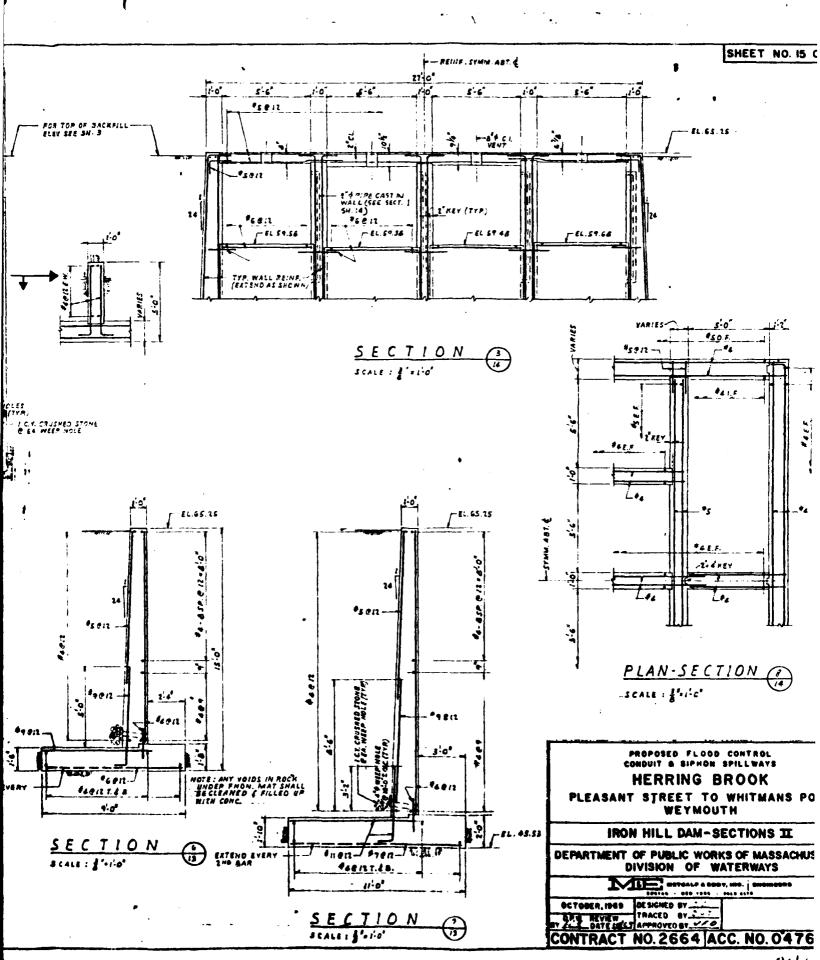


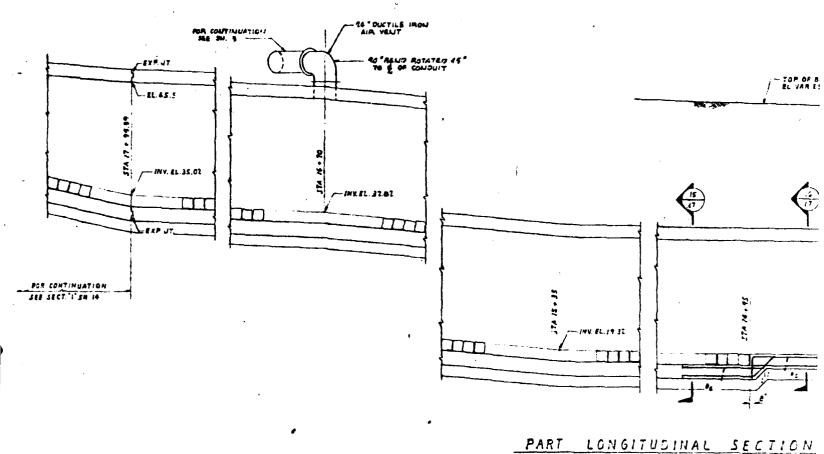


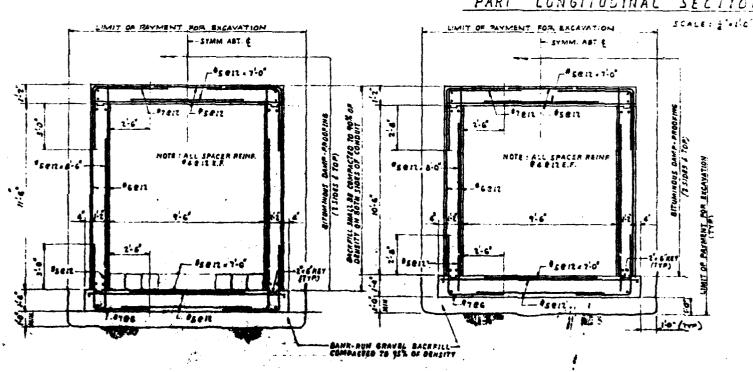




2.







SECTION B

SECTION (6)

SHEET NO. 17 OF 22

REMOVE EXISTING CONCRETE,— LEAVE SURFACE ROUGH AND CLEAN EXISTING REINF. BEFORE PLACING NEW CONCRETE ITEM 112 - EXIST. REINF. - INY. EL.17.16 NAUNCH TRANSITION PIECE TO MEET EXIST CCHOUIT. 4-2 GRALEL SACHFILL EL.10.86 SECTION THRU PRESSURE CONDUIT SCALE: 1 1 1 0' MOTE: THE CONDUIT SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED TO MINIMITE THE EFFECT OF CONCPETE SHRIMFAGE BY PLACING ALTERIATE SECTIONS IN CHECKER BARD STYLE. SUPFICIENT CURING TIME FOR INITIAL CONCRETE SHRIMFAGE SHALL BE ALLOWED BEFORE PLACING ALTERNATE SECTIONS. THE DISTANCE BETWEEN GENSTRUCTION JOINTS SHALL NOT EXCEED BOTO AND BETWEEN EXPANSION JOINTS SHALL NOT EXCEED TOTO: POR JOINT DETAILS SEE SHEET 20. ANY ROCK BEION FON MAT SHALL BE REMOVED TO MIN. AND BACK-FILLED WITH BANK RUM GRAVEL COMPACTED TO 95% OF DENSITY. 57A 10 + 40

TOP OF BACK-FILL BL. VARIES

1:0- (+++)

PROPOSED FLOOD CONTROL CONDUIT & SIPHON SPILLWAYS

HERRING BROOK PLEASANT STREET TO WHITMANS POND WEYMOUTH

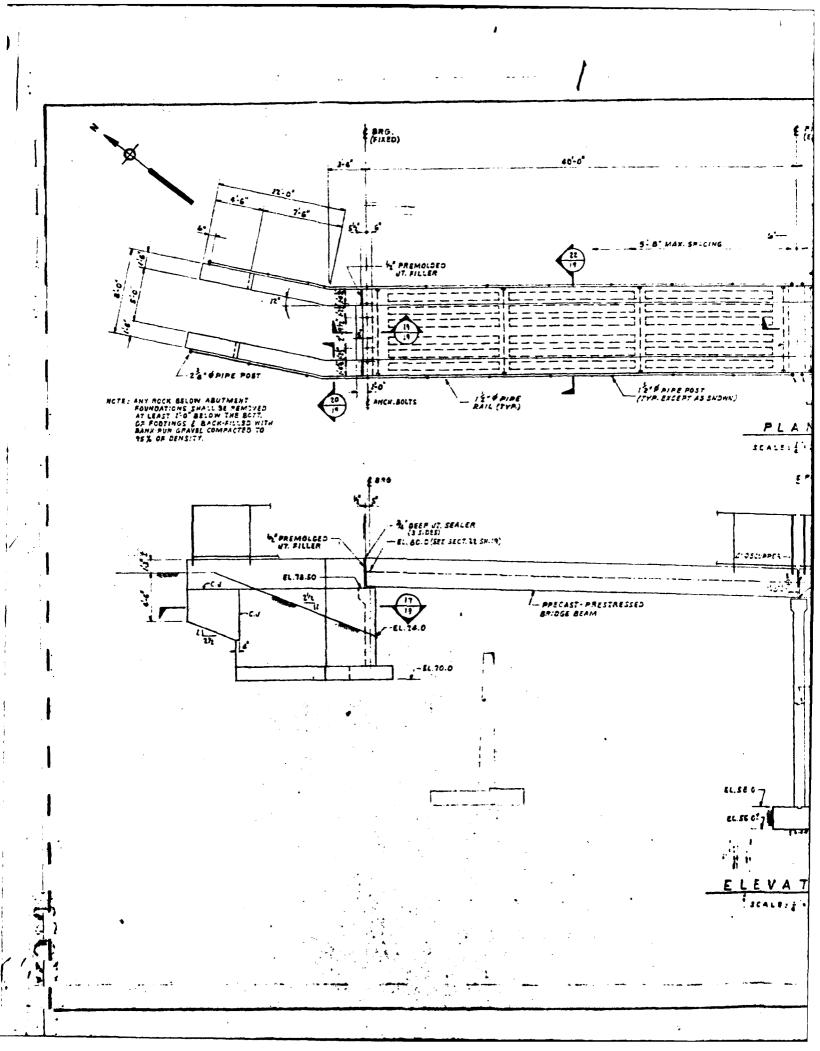
IRON HILL DAM - CONDUIT SECTIONS

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS OF MASSACHUSETT DIVISION OF WATERWAYS

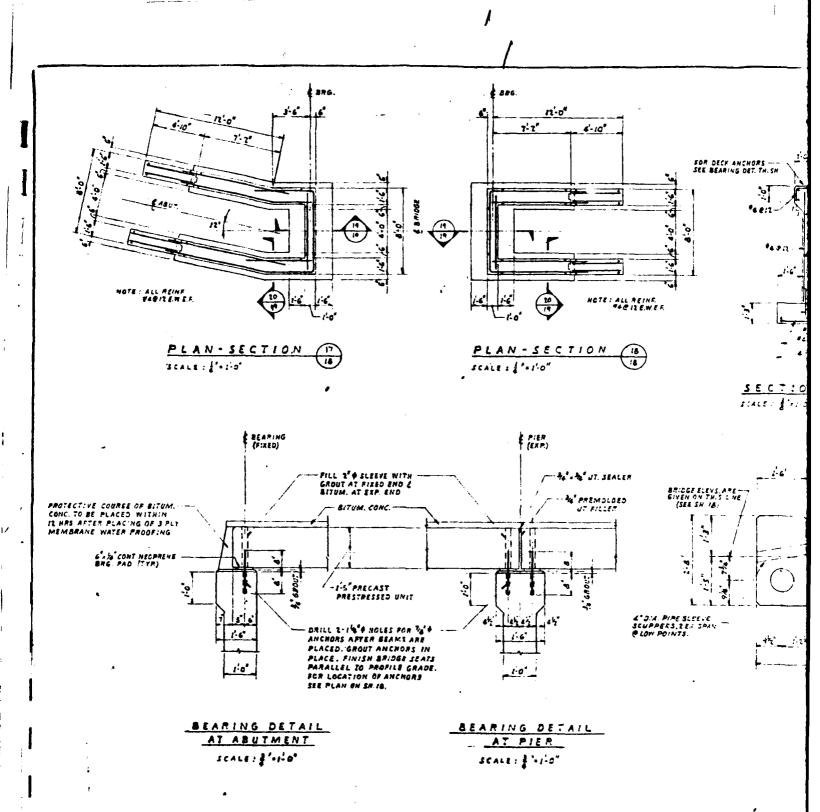
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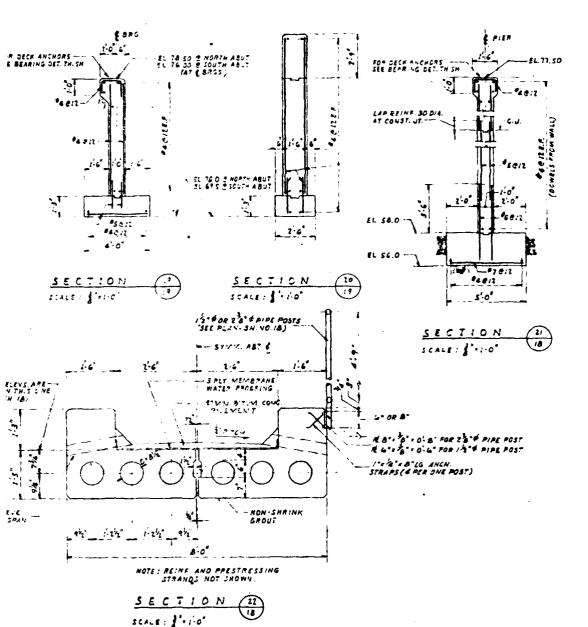
DESIGNED BY_ OCTOBER, 1969 OCTOBER, 1969 OCESIGNED BY AND TRACED BY AND TRACED BY APPROVED BY

EXIST CONDUIT



Y SHEET NO E PIER (EXP.) E BRG (FIXED) 40'-0" 12'-0" ist As skomn) - 2g i rias sust L 23 6 PIPE POSTS PLAN \$6468: \$ \$ 2-0" & PIER GOR C VIN LINK FENCE SEE STEES TO DEEP UT SEALE! 8: 79 G . 25:: 2254 . EL 77.50 4 * 0 5 : U PP 12 EL.73 50 -- C. J. PROPOSED FLOOD CONTROL CONDUIT & SIPMON SPILLWAYS HERRING BROOK PLEASANT STREET TO WHITMAN WEYMOUTH <u>EVATION</u> WHITMANS POND-BRIDGE PLAN & E SCALE: # '= 1-0' DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS OF MASSA DIVISION OF WATERWAYS OCTOBER, 1969 DE SIGNED BY TRACED BY CONTRACT NO 2664 ACC. NO. O.





NOTES FOR PRESTRESSED CONCRETE BEAMS.

- 8. SPECIFICATIONS: "AASIM STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS FOR HIGHN'S BRIDGES, "CHREET EDITION: "CRITERIA FOR PRESTIE JED CONC. BRIDGES, NI.E. BUREAU OF PUBLIC ROADS". ACT STANSARD BUICODE REGULARMENTS FOR REINFORCED CONCRETE (ACT3 a-63), 196 EDITION: AND ANY SUSSECULAR REVISIONS APPROVED BY THE COM- ON BRIDGES AND STRUCTURES OF AASID.
- 2. LIVE LOADS: A UNIFORMLY DISTRIBUTED LOAD OF 100 gof ON AS ENTIRE AREA.
- I. SUBSTITUTION: SINILAR BEAM SECTIONS WITH MINGE D MENSIONA VARIATIONS, MANUFACTURED WITH BETABLISHED PLANT FAI LITIES WHICH MEET STRUCTURAL AND GEOMETRICAL RETW JEMENT OF THIS PROJECT, MAY BE BUBSTITUTED UPON SUBMISSION BY THE PROJECT OF THE DATA BECESSARY TO SHOW COMPLIANCE WITH THE FOURTH OF THE MAT BECESSARY TO SHOW COMPLIANCE WITH THE FOURTH OF THE MAT BUBSTITUT ON BY THE EN
- 4. OBECRETE: 28-DAY STRENGTH OF CONCRETE, FT_C-5-001 px. AAI STRENGTH OF CONCRETE AT THE TIME OF TRANSFER OF LIFEUS NO PORCE, FT_{CC}=8.000 px..
- PRESTRESSING REIMFORCEMENT: MATERIALS FOR PRECTICES OF AN AFFORCEMENT SMALL BE ANY OF THE MATERIALS SPECIFICS EN THE GOVERNING SPECIFICATIONS.
- 6. BRD BLOCKS: SUFFICIENT MILD STEEL REINFORCE/ENT SHALL BE PROVIDED IN END BLOCKS TO RESIST THE TENSILE FC-TES DUE TO CONCENTRATED PRESTRESSING LOADS.
- 7. BIAPHRAGES: BIAPHRAGES CAST WITHIN THE BERM 3-1... SE .DCA AT THE THIRD POINTS OF THE SPAN.
- 6. LATERAL TIES: LATERAL TIES SHALL BE PROVIDED TO POLICE THE AND BEAM ENDS AS REQUIRED: EACH TIE SHALL BE ED. TALENTY BILD STEEL BAR TERSIONED TO 12,000 POUNDS OF AN ELLA, FORM BY LATERAL TERSIONING OF HIGH STRENGTH TERSONS. TEATTON N BARS TAKE RIACE AFTER MORSHEIMSING GROUT IN LON, THE HALL HAS HARDERED FOR AT LEAST 3 DAYS.
- 9. CHAMPERS AND CORMERS: ALL EXPOSED CORNERS SHALL 37 CHAMP 3/4" OR MOUNDED TO 3/4" RADIUS.
- IO. FINISH: TOPS SMALL BE GIVEN A BROOM FINISH, MCHMAL TO CEN BF MOADMAY,
- 11. MANDLING: IN MANDLING, THE BEAMS MUST BE WANTA ""? IN AN POSITION AT ALL TIMES AND MUST BE PICKED UP ONLY : MERKS APPROVED BEVICES MEAR THE ENDS OF THE BEAMS.
- LIZ. SHOP DRAWINGS: SHOP DRAWINGS AND DESIGN COMPUTATION. SHO BETAILS OF CONSTRUCTION AND ERECTION SHALL BE SLOW TID TO ENGINEER IN QUADRUPLICATE FOR APPROVAL REFORE FAST DATION.
- 3. WEIGHTS: WEIGHTS OF BEAMS SHALL BE PLAIBLY PRIBTED IN STE ON EACH MEMBER.

PROPOSED FLOOD CONTROL CONDUIT & SIPHON SPILLWAYS

HERRING BROOK

PLEASANT STREET TO WHITMANS PO Weymouth

WHITMANS POND - BRIDGE SECTION!

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS OF MASSACHUS
DIVISION OF WATERWAYS

Marent's appr. the | endineers

OCTOBER, 1969 DESIGNED RY

CONTRACT NO. 2664 ACC. NO. 0476

BORING NO. 8-1 GROUND ELEV. 73 4 CATE: 2 69 SAMPLER BLOWS FT CORE RATE SAMPLE SOIL IDENTIFICATION 2' OF FROST 13 2'-3'6" REC 12" 1 2 5'-6'6" REC 12" BROWN FIRE TO COARSE SAND, WCOD, GRAVEL. :7 FILL SONED 10 -TOP OF ROCK 13'-0" 13.-0. C-1 13'-17' REC 43" PINK GRANITE 12 12 14 15. VERY SARD SEAMY C-2 17'-20' REC 33' C-3 20'-25' REC 22' 13 20'-0" GRAY GRANITE SOME TRAP ROCK VERY SEAMY MARO 25'-0" BOTTOM OF BORING 25'-9" 1. WATER LEVEL AT 6" AFTER 1 HOUR.

- 1		SAMPLER	CORE RATE		SAMPLE
	DEPTH	BLOWS FT	man tt	SOIL IDENTIFICATION	NO
1	1,-0-			I' OF FROST	
-		12		BROWN FINE SAND, WOOD, AND GRAVEL FILL	17-2'6" REC 12"
1	71-Q-	i .e	į	TOP OF ROCK 7'-0"	51-616*
			6 5 5	PINK STANITE VERY SEMY MEDIUM MARD	C-1 7'-12' REC 14"
			5 7 8		C-2 12'-14'6" REC 22"
1			5 7 16 17	e 15' BECOMES VERY HARD	C-3
-	i		19 21 16 18		C-4

	BOATHG !	40 B 3	GROUND	ELEV 74
	DEP TH	SAMPLER BLOOS FT	CORE MATE	SOIL IS
	2'-0"			5. 0t to
		21		BRCWN F.
5	81-0*	28		GRAVEL.
Ī		-	13	PINK 6PA
.0 -			16 20 24	VERY SEA
15 -			11 12 19	! !
			21 16 21	
20 -			20 3 i 26	
25			14	
- 1	20 -0	į i	1 4 16	

MOTES:

- 1. WATER LEVEL AT 3' AFTER 1 HOUR.
- 2. 2" MOCK CORE.

WOTES:

- I. WATER LEVEL AT 7' AFTER 2 HOURS.
- 2. 2" ROCK CORE.

	DEPTH	SAPLER BLOWS FT	CORE RATE	SOIL IDENTIFICATION	SAMPLE NO.
•		2		BROWN COARSE TO FIRE SAND AND GRAVEL, LITTLE SILT, FILE	REC 10"
5 -	9·-0·	2		TOP OF MOCK 9'-g"	85. 6.6. BEC 12.
10			3 3	PIER GRANITE SEAMY AND MARD S" SEAM OF TRAP	C-1 9'-14' REC 56"
15 -	19*-6*		\$ 7 10 15 20	#0Cif < 13"	C-2

GROUND EL. 70.9

DATE: 3/69

MOTES

- I. MATER LEVEL AT 3"-4" AFTER 3 YOURS.
- 2. BE MICE CORE.

2. 13/8" ROCK CORE.

_	BORING N	O. 8-7	GROUND E	LEV. 74 9 GATE:	2 59
	DEPTH	SAMPLER BLOWS FT	CORE RATE	SOIL IDENTIFICATION	SAMPLE NO.
•	The second secon	12		BROWN COARSE TO FINE SAMO & COARSE TO FINE GRAVEL (LOST SPLIT SPOON IN HOLE - NO SAMPLE)	
ነ ተ	5'-6"		 	TOP OF BOOK START	,
				PIRK GRAM: TE	9.610. BEC #3.
1		<u> </u>	1	TILL SEAM FROM 9'-6" TO 11'-0" TIEN BACK TO GRAWITE	
		ļ			C-2
L	151-0"	<u>ا</u>	15		REC 43
			SOTTOM OF SE	BRING 15'-0"	

40 T&S:

- I. HOLE CAVED IN AT 5' (40 WATER READINGS).
- 2. WX NOCK CORE.

_	BORING N	0. 6-9	GRIJUND E	LEV 60 4
0	DEP TH	SAMPLER BLOWS FT	GGRE RATE	SOIL IDE:
		5		BROWN COAR SAMD & COA GRAVEL, L:
5 -			7 7	TOP OF ROC PINE GRAN- MEATHERED
19. 1		-		CORE BARR
15 -			5	
30		_	8 10 15	
•	251-01		19 3 4 7	CHANGED DI
a, 4	M165:	L	SO THEM OF	Maine 55".

1. MATER LEVEL AT -8"-2" FROM GROUND LEVE

3 1 3 mm ca co

SHEET NO

тн	SAMPLER BLOAS FT	CORE PATE	SOIL FUENTIFICATION	SAMPLE No
-0*			2' af FROST	
	22		BRC NN FINE 70 ODARSE SAND AND GRAVEL. COBBLES,	2. 3'6.
-0"	26		FILL TOP OF ROCK 8'-0"	5'-6'6" REC 14
		13 14 16 20 24	PINK GRANITE VERY SEAMY NARD	C-1 B'-13' REC 12"
	!	11 12 19		C-2 13'-18' REC 47
		21 16 21 20		C-3 18'-23' REC 59"
	;	26 i i		C-4 23'-28'
-0*	•	14		REU 30"

MATER LEVEL AT 7' AFTER 2 HOURS.

2" ROCK CORE.

	BORING	NO. B-4	GROUND I	. EV. 50 4 CATE	2 69
	DEPTH	SAMPLER BLOWS FT	CORE HATE	SOIL JUENTIFICATION	SAMPLE CM
,	3'-0"	91		GRAY, BROWN WEATHERED BOCK WITH COARSE SAND AND GRAYEL TOP OF ROCK 3'-0"	0'-1'6" REC 18'
5				PERK GRANTITE SEAMY AND HARD VERTICAL SEAMS	3'-8 REC 60"
, {			12 7 8 17		C-2 8'-11'6" REC 42"
			30 : 6° 3 5		C-3 11'6"-15'6" REC 60"
5 -	16'-6"		66]:

MOTES:

1. WATER LEVEL AT +3'-3" FROM GROUND LEVEL

2. LOST WATER AT 6" 3. 13/3" ROCK CORE

J		1-	T		
- 1			CORE -41E		ļ S≛:
١	HT 93C	BLO#S FT	· ·	SOIL IDENTIFICATE	ar No
	20.	, ,	•	BROWN LOAM FOR 6 TO BROWN FINE TO COAFSE	
-			1	BROWN COARSE TO FINE	
5 4		17	i	SAND AND COARSE TO	٠.
T :			•	FINE GRAVEL.	- 1 g+,
		1		LITTLE SILT	RE.
10 -	10'-0"			TOP OF MOCK 101-01	i
7		7	3	PINK GRANITE	-• t
- 1				SEAMY	10
		1	5		RE-
- (151-01	!	10	!	

"SAND, LITTLE FINE TO MED UM GRAVEL. TRACE OF SILT

NO TES:

I. WATER LEVEL AT 5' AFTER 1/2 HOUR
2. (3/8) ROCK CORE

BORING MOTES

- I. TEST BORINGS WERE MADE BY C.L. BUILD OF LLING & BORING CO. . IF BRAINTREE, MASSACHUSETTS DURING FEBRUARY, MARCH AND JUNE OF
- 2. THE MORING LOGS SHOWN HAVE BEEN REPRODUCED FROM THE OF 5 NA. LOGS PREPARED BY C.L. SUILO.
- 3. THE DRIGINAL BORING LOSS, THE BOIL SAMPLES AND THE ROCK CORES SEEN AT THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS, DIVID ON DE MATERWAY! REQUEST.
- 4. SAMPLER BLOW COUNT WAS MEASURED ON A 13-8" SPLIT SPOON SEMPLE A 140 LB. HAMMER AND A 30" FALL. POCK CORES WERE MADE & TH J BITS OF THE SIZES IND CATED.
- 5. PREVIOUS BORINGS WERE MADE ALONG THE CONDUCT AND IN TROU HIS. THEIR APPROXIMATE LOCATION 12 SHOWN DE SHEET 3 (180 CATE) THE INFOPMATION MAY BE OBTAINED FROM THE DIVISION OF MATERIALS
- 6. THE ENGINEER DOES NOT GUARANTEE THE ACCURACY OF THE MORING LO

ГН	SAMPLER BLOWS FT	CORE RATE	SOIL IDENTIFICATION	SAMPLE HO
	5		BROWN COARSE TO FINE SAND & COARSE TO FINE GRAVEL, LITTLE SILT	0-1'6- REC 18-
•		5 7 7 8 5 5 5 5 5 6 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	TOP OF ROCK 3'-O' PINK GRAM: TE WEATHERED AND SEAMY VERTICAL SEAMS (CORE BARREL REPT JAMMYING UP)	C-1 3'-7' REC 41/2' C-2 7'-11' REC 26' C-3 11'-16' REC 32' C-4 16'-21' REC 271/2'
.		19	CHAMBED BIT AT 21'	C-5 21'-25' REC 311/2'

DATE: 2 69 GROUND ELEV. 58.6 SCRING NO. 8-10 SAMPLER CORE RATE SAMPLE SOIL IDENTIFICATION NO. BLOWS FT BROWN, COARSE TO FINE SAND & COARSE TO FINE GRAVEL, LITTLE BILT 107 BE ROCK 3'-9" PINE GRANITE WEATHERED REC 12 3. -6. 3'65-1-6-MID SEMMY 5'6"-3'6" REC 21 GOOD ROCK FROM 7'-6" C-2 7'6"-10' REC 24" C-4 10'-15' REC 60" 10 10 15 BOTTOM OF BORING IN-OF

ROTES:

1. WATER LEVEL AT -4"-11" FROM GROUND LEVEL

2. 45/8" MOCK CORE

PROPOSED FLOOD CONTROL CONDUIT & SIPHON SPILLWAYS HERRING BROOK

PLEASANT STREET TO WHITMAN WEYMOUTH

BORING LOGS I

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS OF MASS DIVISION OF WATERWAYS

ME MITALET & BOOT, MG. | SMOTHER *****

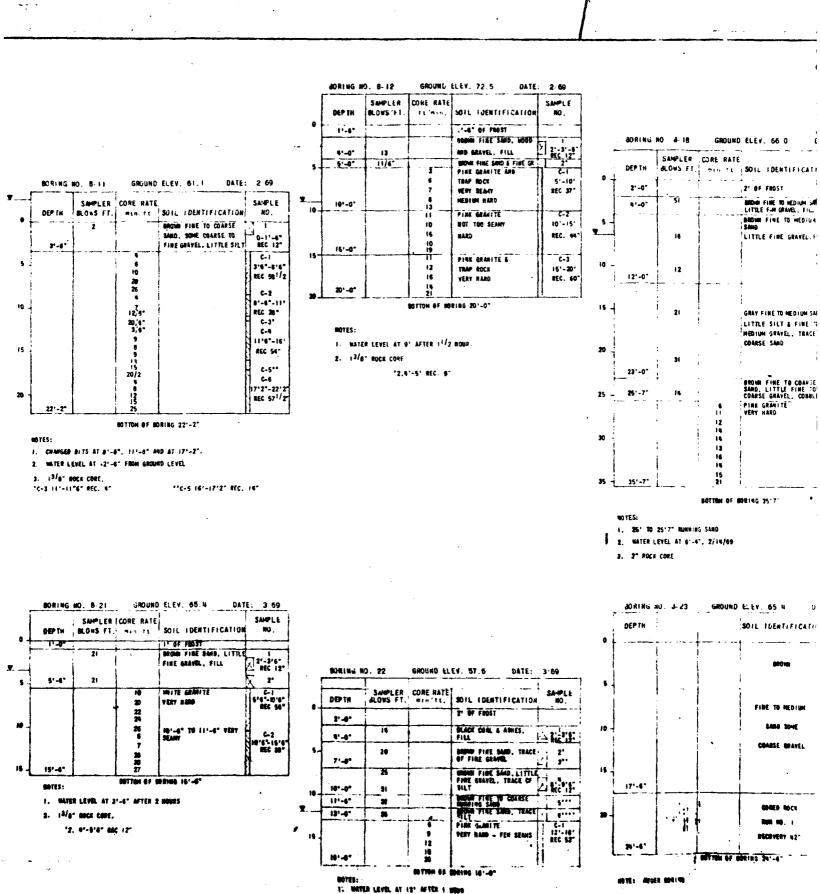
OCTOBER, 1969 DESIGNED BY -----DAM REVIEW TRACED BY _____

CONTRACT NO. 2664 ACC. NO. C

248

I. WATER LEVEL AT -3'-2" FROM GROUND LEVEL

1 9" mar com



\$. 2" BOCK CORE "2, 8"-0"-6" REC. 12" ""3, 6"-6"-8" REC. 12"

***\$, 10'-11'-6" REC. 12"

SHEET NO. 22 OF 22

CORE RAT	i E	SAMPLE			SAMPLER	CORE RATE		SAMPLE
	SOIL IDENTIFICATION	MO.		DEP TH	BLOWS FT.		SOIL ICENTIFICATION	
	2' OF FROST		0-				2 OF FROST	
	BROWN FINE TO NEDIUM SAND, LITTLE F-M GRAVEL, FILL	2: 3:5: REC 12:		2'-0"	79		BROWN FINE TO COARSE	1
	BROWN FINE TO MEDIUM	,7 5'-6'6"	5 -		! !		SANO, LITTLE FINE TO MED. BRAYEL, SHALL COBBLES	REC 12º
	LITTLE FIME GRAVEL.FILL	- ' REC 12"			36			5'-6'&" REC 12"
	ļ	3 10'-11'6"	ю	10'-5"			. YOP OF ROCK 10"-5"	
	•	REC 12"			i	6	WITE GRANITE	12'5'-15"
	:	1				11	MEDIUM HARD	REC NO.
	GRAY FINE TO MEDIUM SAND.	, ,	15		}	15		1)
	1	15'-1-5	13 4					€-2
	MEDIUM GRAVEL, TRACE OF	REC +1"			ļ	10		15'5"-20 REC 49"
	COARSE SAND	5			İ	12		
	:	120 - 21 - 6"	20 -		i !	13		C-3
	_					10		20'5"- 25'
	BROWN FINE TO COARSE	23 6 - 25				16		NEC 40
	COARSE GRAVEL, COBBLES	REC 12"	25	25'-5"	-	15	_	
•	PINE GRANITE VERY HARD	125'7"+30'7"						
12		BEC 60.		MOTES:				
14	1			1. INCT W	ATER AT 11"	-a-		
13	:	H 1				-• •	•	
16 18		C-2		2. 2" ROC	A GURE.			
15		30'7"-35'7" REC 59"						

BOTTOM OF 80414G 35'7"

MING SAND

5"-4". Z/14/69

80 RING NO. 8-20 GROUND ELEV. 57.0 DATE: 2 69 SAMPLER CORE RATE DEP TH BLOWS FT | min Tt SOIL IDENTIFICATION NO. 2' OF FROST BROWN FINE TO COARSE SAND, LITTLE FINE TO MEDIUM GRAVEL, FILL 21-316" REC 12" j_{5-5'6}. 22 BEC 15. 10 15'-0" TOP OF BOCK 15'-0" PIME GRANITE VERY HARD 11 C-1 REC 50" 20 17 21 25 25 19 G-2 20'-25' REC 59' SOTTON OF BORING 25'-0"

MOTES:

- 1. LOST WATER AT 15".
- 2. WATER LEVEL AT 18", 2/14/69.
- 3. 2" ROCE CORE.

3	GROUND ELEY, 65 4 DATE: 6 69	<u> </u>	BORING N	0 B-24	GROUND EL	EV. 65.2	DATE: 6 69
	SOIL THENTIFICATION	1	DEPTH		, , s	OIL IDENTIFIC	HOITA
. 	StOres	- 0	*****			ercial	
;		5-		<u>.</u>	:	•	
	FINE TO MEDIUM			!	!	FIRE 10 4EDIO	N
	SAND SOME	10_		1	·	SAID SONE	i
	COARSE GRAVEL	1				COARSE GRAVE	ii.
			181-8"		ď	·	
1	ODRED ROCK THEN THE !	9		• • · · · · ·		COMED MOCK MAR NO. 1 MECOVERY 94*	
	adrian de abring be'-a-	a l	251:0"	j	BOTTON OF SOI	186 24'-0"	
'n			190 TE: 1804	IA MORING			

NOTE: FOR GENERAL YEST BORING HOTES SEE SHEET SI.

PROPOSED FLOOD CONTROL CONDUIT & SIPHON SPILLWAYS

HERRING BROOK

PLEASANT STREET TO WHITMANS POND WEYMOUTH . :

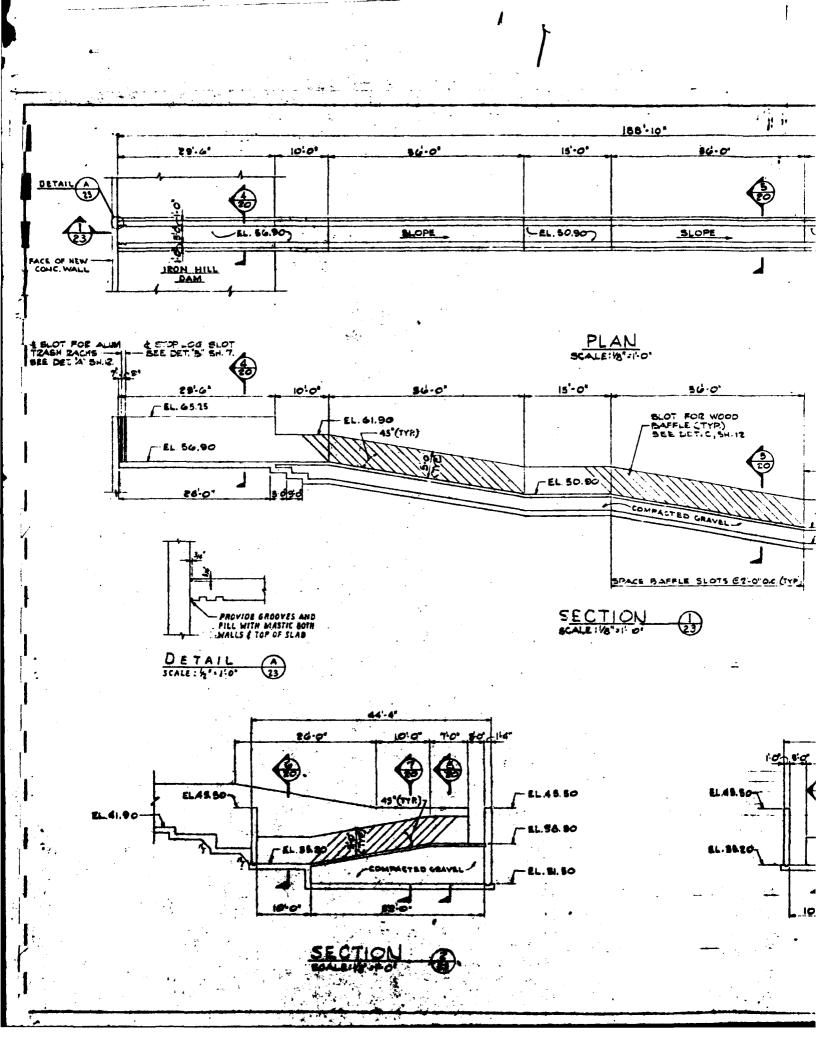
BORING LOGS II

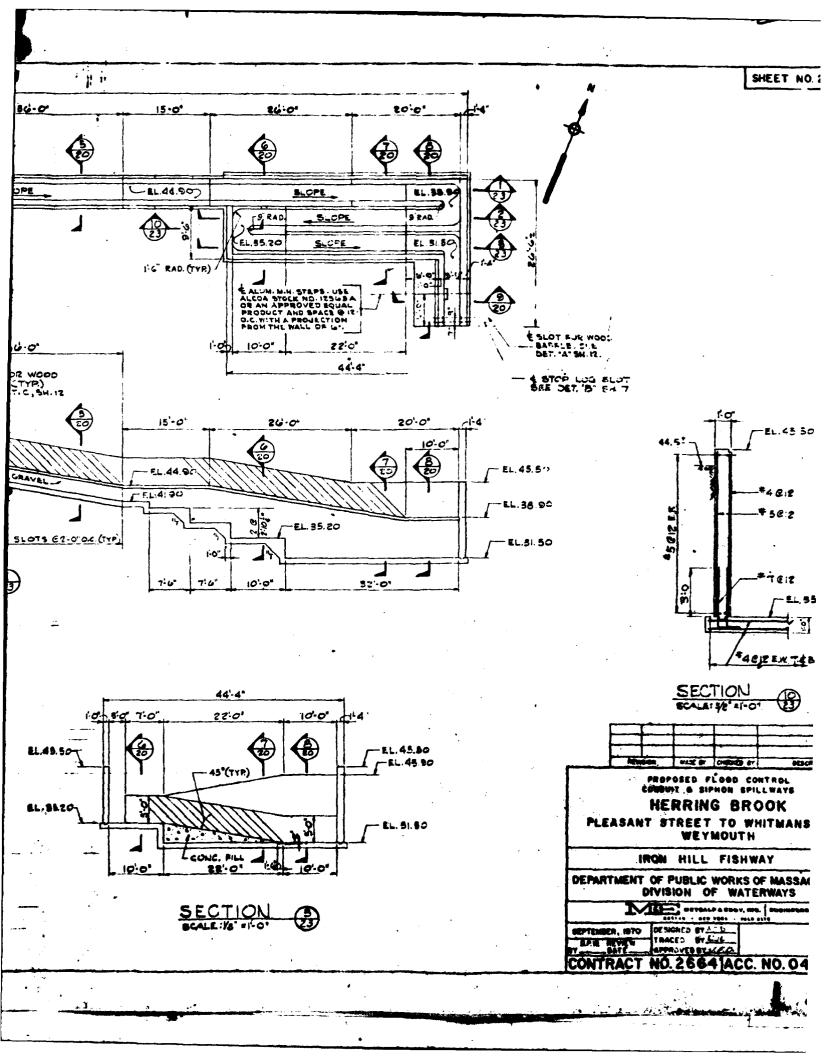
DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC WORKS OF MASSACHUSETTS DIVISION OF WATERWAYS

ME METOALF & 1007, MG.

OCTOBER, 1869 DESIGNED BY 367

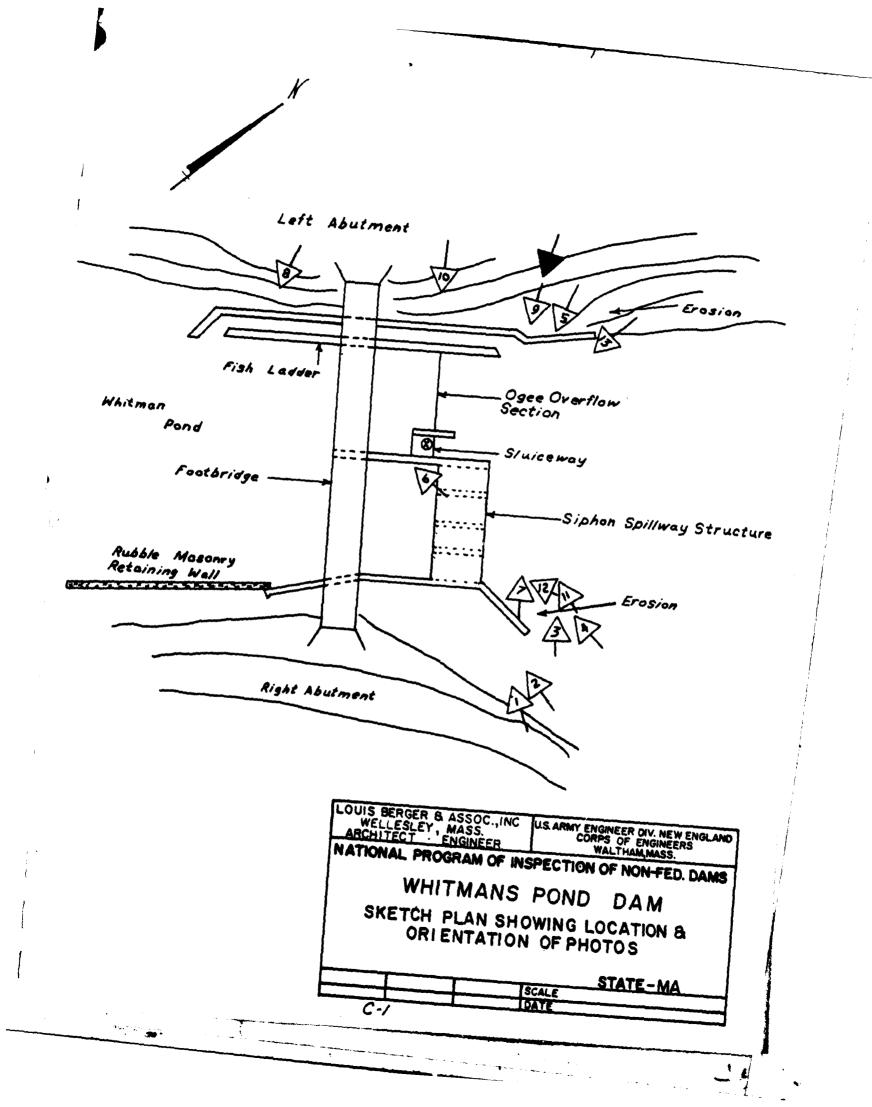
NO. 2664 ACC NO. 04762-V





APPENDIX C

PHOTOGRAPHS





1. Downstream face of dam and right abutment



2. Downstream face of dam and left abutment



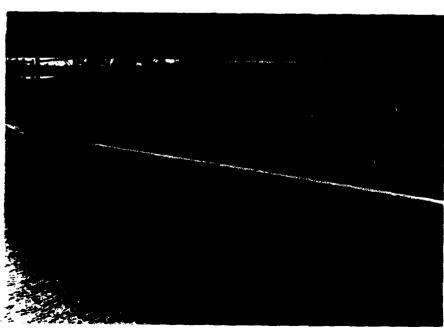
3. Erosion at left downstream training wall



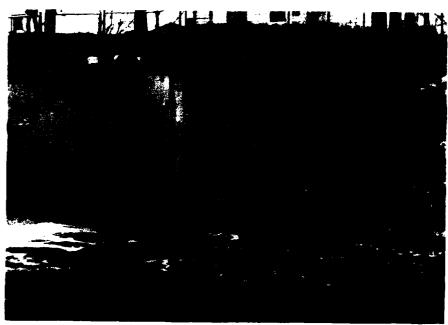
4. Downstream face of siphon spillway structure and ogee overflow section



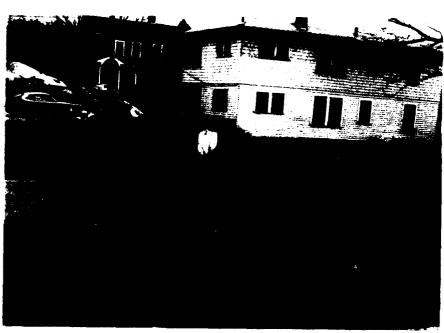
5. Displaced riprap and erosion downstream of right training wall



6. Upstream end of fish ladder



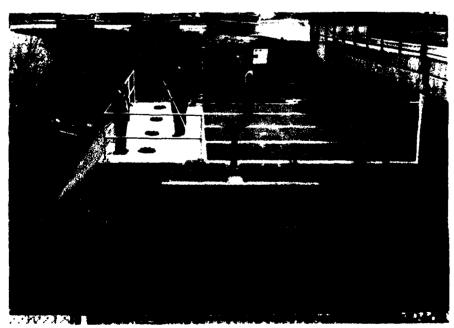
7. Downstream end of fish ladder



8. Right training wall of the spillway approach channel



9. Downstream face of dam from left abutment



10. View along crest of dam from left abutment



11. Downstream face of concrete ogee overflow section



12. Downstream end of siphon spillway structure (4 units)



13. Concrete ogee overflow section. Note sluiceway through lower right corner of overflow section.

APPENDIX D HYDROLOGIC AND HYDRAULIC COMPUTATIONS

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_` !

BY RES DATE 3- COULS BERGER & ASSOCIATES INC. SHEET NO. OF CHKD. BY DATE NO. OF PROJECT NO. SHEET NO. OF SHE First Dis 10 Acts, MAN C 14 1 11 34, 500 AREA 1 REAL # 231.00 REAL # 2 00.84 A12 = 29 557 31.26 11.1 | # 1 AREA 2 READ # 2 ED.47 READ # 3 58.20 Ave a CTATAI " # 1 275 " # 2 30,47 AREA 3 READ # 2 100.30 READ # 3 131.82 Ave + 31.01 # 1 <u>61.29</u> * = 2 <u>100.81</u> * 31.01 DRAMAGE AREA = 88.3 (0.435) = 12.67 Eq.M. = 8109 Ac. ... REDUCTIONS AREA ELEV. 66 READ #2 43:00 READ #3 40 15 # # 2 43 80 2.06 RESERVOIR AREA = 208 × 91/83 : 191 ACRES AREA ELEV. 70 READ #2 48.83 READ #3 51,15 " # 1 45,54 AREA TILLY 70 : 2.205 X 9188 : 258 Acres AREA ELEVISO READ HE 32,96 READ #3 38.00

> Away From 80 Side x 91 at a 443 Acres Copy available to DTIC does not D-1

permit fully legible reproduction

BY RE 2 DATE 6-15-30	LOUIS BERGER & ASSOCIATES INC.	SHEET NOOF
CHKD. BYDATE	PME 2003	PROJECT_W.
CURRENT MULTINANIE FLAT	YMF	

DATED II MARCH, 1987, MAX MUNICIPALINA

FUNCTION 5,100 DEL AGENTA CELL TO

EMIGNISHED ENVELOPE CLEVE ED TOOM

\$ 2000744 ARROY.

Daine COE Cane

Total ACTA = 7.750 ACTA = 12:11 59 MI

DEDUCT WEYMOUTH CRUZE FOND TO A OF BOM SAIN

NET D.A. = 7.47 54, MI

FROM ENVELOPE CURIE FOR DIA - 747

MPF 10 CFS / 54 M = 750 CF3 / 54 M1

C = D.A. X TED = 7.47 X 750 = 5650 = 5100

Use Town of Weynoon Hyperian For Routing : PME + 5100 150

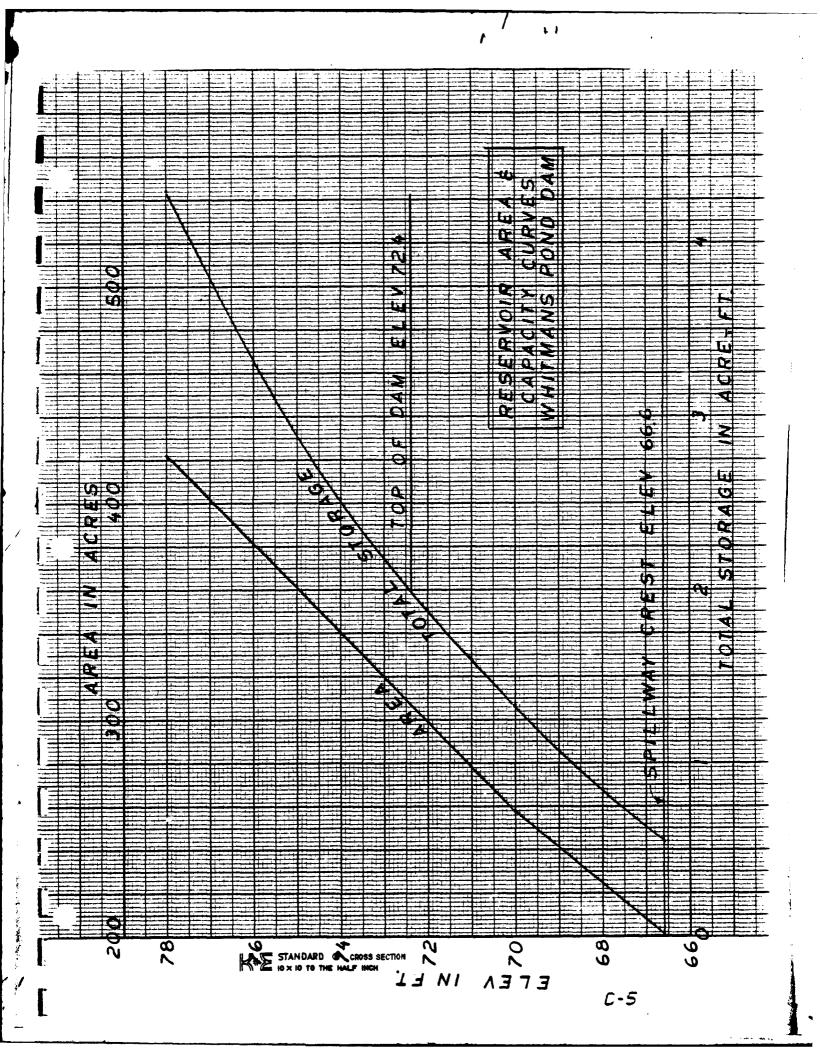
BY KFE CHKD. BY SUBJECT N-	DATE 6-15-90 DATE 5-15-90	LOUIS BERG	ER & ASSOCIATES IN	C. SHEET NO. PROJECT W-125
WEYN	Mostin Gaz	ST Face As	REA ABO & no	San San
নি এ৯	: = 2 14.67 = 1 <u>4.53</u>	RE40	#E 31 90 #C 14.67 20.13	54.94 25.4
	AREA : 20	0.14 (0.143	s) = <u>2.89</u> sq	<u> </u>
CLE	SWAMP ?	CHTE SWA	MF AREA 486	VE TALBOT ST.
₹ ≈ 4	= : 91.	04 PEAS 69 "	#1 46.5% #1 16.69 24.43	
	Dria = 24	.42 (0.143)	5) = <u>3.50 eq</u>	MI

MELTI GT 1111 C ELEN COLO , AREA : COD AND C VOL = 1/4 HA = 1/4 (60.6.58)(200) = 574 A.F

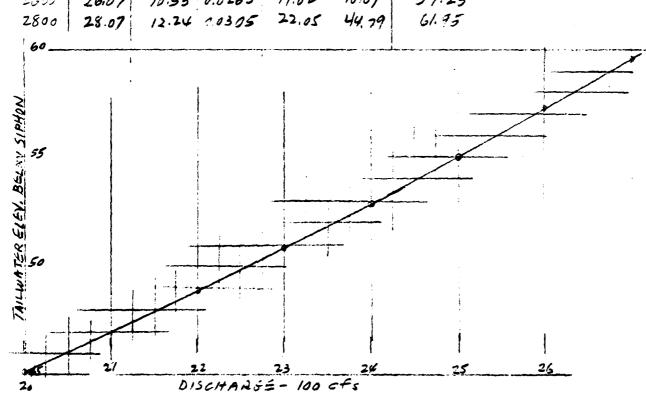
FROM OLD MARKETON Sugar Vol = 500 A.F

SAY VOLUME = 550 AUTE-ET

ELEV	AREA	AVE	Vol	TOTAL VOLUME	SURCHARIST VOLUME
ا ت د ت	200			55°	
డజ్	224	212	297	347	297
7 0	258	241	482	1329	779
72	299	278.5	557	1886	1336
74	340	319.5	634	\$%2 5	1975
76	381	360.5	721	3746	2646
78	422	401.5	803	4044	2740
80	463	442.5	885	4434	4384



BY 374	DATE		LOUIS	BERGER	& ASSOCIA	ITES INC.	SHEET NOOF
	DATE					19455	PROJECT
SUBJECT_K	YHITIMA	N POMA	RESEL	315030	9M - 1	DISCHARS E	CURIES
WHITH	N POND		PRSF	ILE OF	WATSRU	VAY BELIN	WHITHAN POILD
	56. 72. 5.60 58~ 58~ 61, ±55.0	±41.5		RIN HIL	L POND	1.65.25 GI.57.55	725'
	IRON H	ILL DAM			tone floor FLOW 517	10/8/20	2.0175 5:0.10 1015 E1.17.167
Hs sum s		t flows f 9.5'w, az					1.85 Everage 1= 0.017
Discharge Ofs	ا ا	hu	5 = 1 1466 %	SL	d+40+5L	Elevation of gradient at Siphen outlet	
2000	20.05	6,24	0.6155	11.25	11.25	45. 2	
2200	22.06	7.55	0.0188	1362	31.67	48.33	
2400	24.06		0.0224		35,69	52.85	
2600	26,07	10.55	·	19.02	40.07	57.23	



D-6

68.0

2.75

4,77

2645

5732

D-7

2346

2400

626

524

5517

8756

64.75 5.87

66,4 7.52

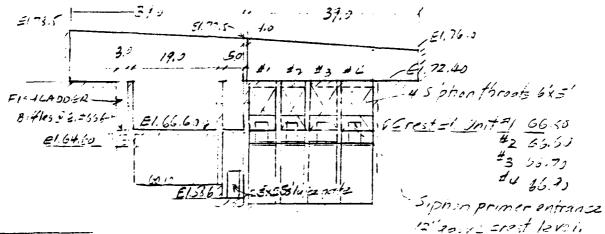
69.84 10,96

323

467

824

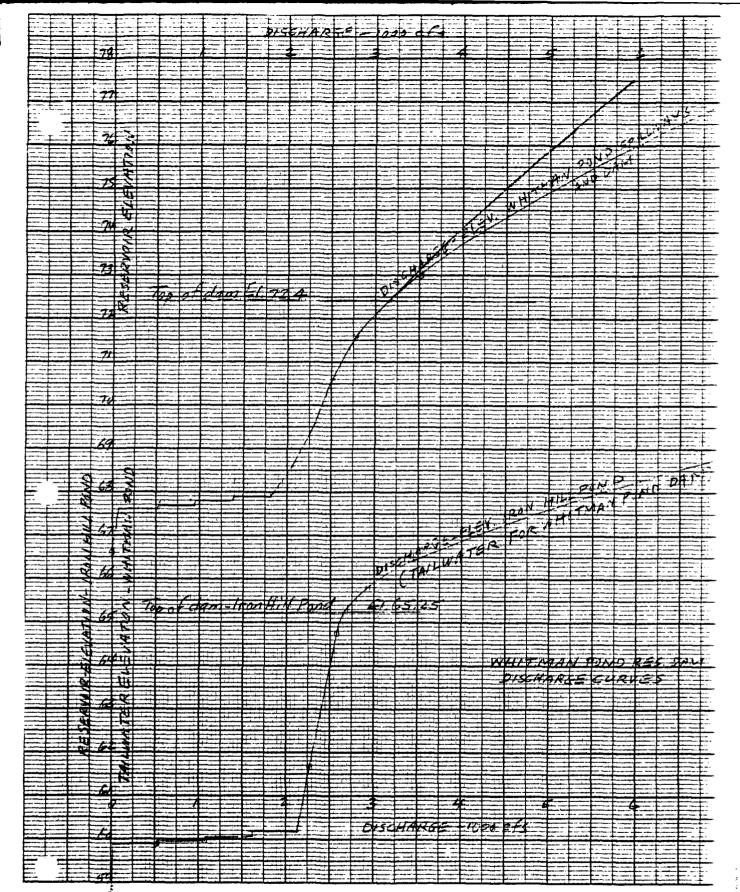
SUBJECT WHIT MAN POND RESERVOIR DAM - DISCHARGE CURYES



Syre crest	Flow
	0-20 1 P= 6.5 Sey Ho = 4 Can C= 4 9 = 54 = - () == 32
7 66.6	$d_{2} = P + W_{2} = 1.3 = 1.3 = 3 = -3 = 0.4 =$
	$\frac{h_{x}}{y} = \frac{9100}{4.0} = 133$
P2 6.1	#= k (2) 5 mall dams Fig 347 k= 2.5171=1.85
	For $x = 7.0$ $y = 5.73$ $40 = \frac{[0.51(x)]^{18571.176}}{(1.5)^{18571.176}}$ $40 = 40$
1 60.0p	40 = [0.51(x)18571.10 Ho = 40

	CV	ERELD	W 050	<u> </u>	SHCHOOS	a Qu	4			
ELEY.	He	40 4,	5 C 2	**	Best	1=29' 12	@5	Damy 1.72.42	Q2 1=51 AQ	2,+22
66.6	0	_	_		0		T 77	-6	<u></u>	5
67.6	1.0	0.25	0.86	3.27	3.27	98	1			88
68.6	2.0	0,50	0.92	3.50	9.90	268	į			268
69.6	3.0	0.75	0.96	3.65	18.77	512				512
70.6	4.0	1.00	1.00	3.80	30.40	821	:			821
716	5.0	1.25	1.03	3.90	43.65	1177		. f		1177
72.4	5.8	1.45	1.05	4.00	55.87	1509	. 0		5	1509
73.0	6.4	1.60	1.07	4.17	65.90	1780	0.6	2,5	59	1839
74.5	7.4	1.35	1.08	4,10	82.53	2229	1.6	28	287	2518
76.0	9.4	2.3/	1, 9	4.14	119.31	3221	3,6	2,8	975	4196
77.5	10.9	2.73	1.00	415	14934	4032	5,1	2.9	1645	5677
18.5	11.6	2.9	1.09	4.15	16376	4426	6.1:	2.6	1008	3424

* = 19 250 Small Pams ** = = 1.625 Co = 0.97 x 3.72 = 3.8



Copy available to DTIC does not permit fully legible reproduction

LOUIS BERGER & ASSOCIATES INC. BY RFE DATE 4-1-80 INSPECTION OF DAME SUBJECT WHITMANS POND + HYTERS DEAMAGE AREA (TOTAL) = 12.11 =4.MI By Marketonian Recorded L 25% 14 LENGTH OF LONGIST WATER LEDGICET, LEBETTODET LE GILL MI ELEV DIFFERENCE : 170-66: 104 ET 30 SLODE = 104 = 15.67 FT/MI = 15 = 3.76 Now Lo : 6.68 x 6.68 : 5.35 (LLc) = (5.55) = 1.76 LAG = K (LLG) 33 = 1.76 K REAR TO "CURRE " MOUNTAINO E ASSUME Ka7.5 HRS REGION, WELL FOLENTED TERMEN Bon Race. LAG = 7.5 (1.76) = 13.2 Has TP = 0.41 D + 0 BELAG , WHERE Da 10 WE Tp = 0.41(1) + 0 == (13.4) Copy available to DTIC does not Tp = 0.41 + 10.82 = 11.28 permit fully legible reproduction CHECK VENEZITY TO - TR- 30 T= : 11.23 + .5 : 14.55 ... V = 35,000 - 0.5 = 7/342

. .

BY REE DATE 4-1-80

LOUIS BERGER & ASSOCIATES INC.

SHEET NO. 2 OF.

CHKD. BY DATE NEFERTION OF SUBJECT WHITMAN'S PONT TOTAL

PROJECT _____

TE : 1 37 To = 167 (11.23) = 1875 ---TR = To + To = 11.25 + 375 = 29.96 HZE

Op = PEAR RATE IN EFE

7 = 48+ A Q A DEAMAGE ALEGE 12.11-269
To Q= ZUNGE 14 INCHS

9p= 484 (9.22)() = 397 ==6

PMP = PROBABLE MAXIMUM PREDISTATION = REST (4)= 18.3" FOILWEYMOUTH, H-Z,

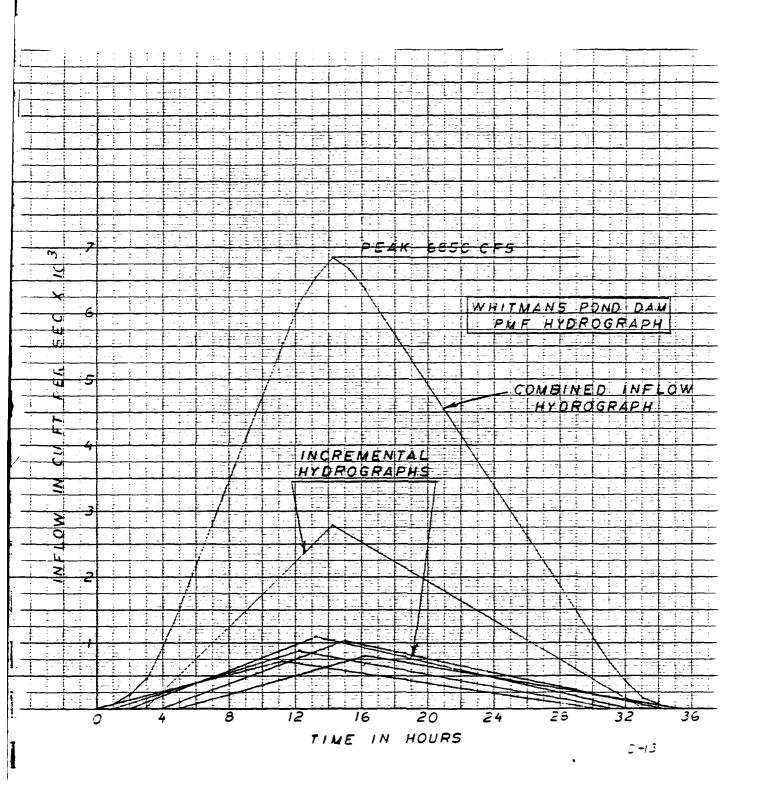
= 18,4 CONSIDELING INFILTRATION ECL

OVERLAND FLOW

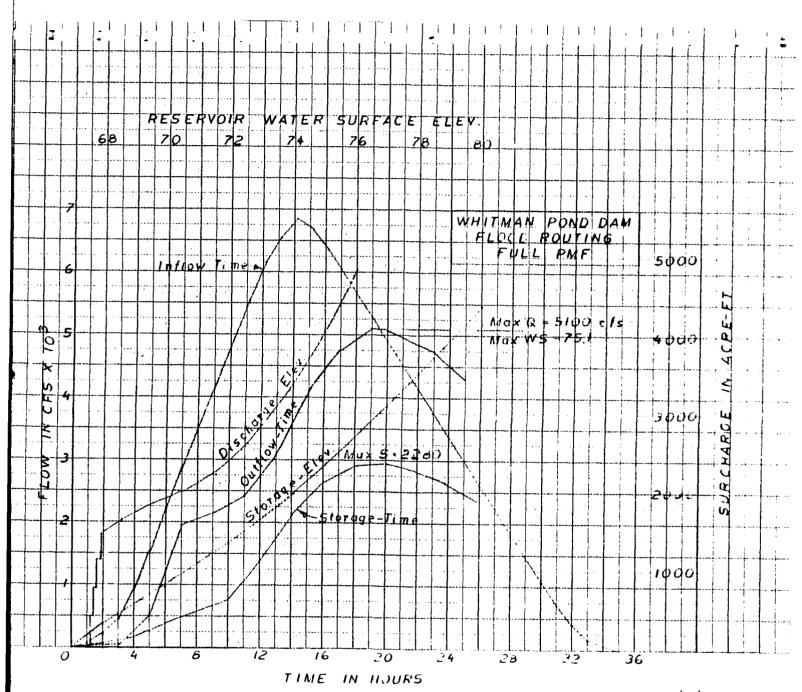
FLOOD HYDROGRAPH FOR PMF

90= 397.200

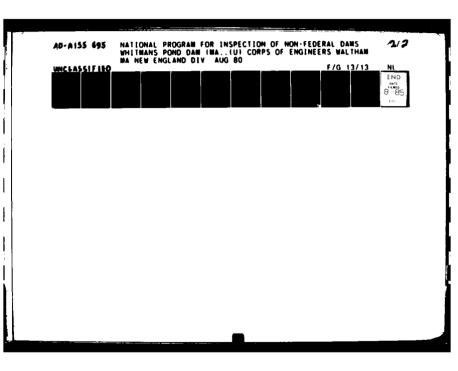
TIME	RAIN	P4:-	0	7	ME		
(HOURS)	*70	INCHS	2772	EEGIN	がほる人	せんじ	
0.0	_						
1.0	\c	1.84	730	0	11.2	20	
20	12	2.21	877	\ 0	12.2	3)	
3.3	15	2.76	1096	20	18.2	(a) (N)	
4.0	<i>3</i> 3	6.79	2775	3-5	M.2	5	
5 , 0	14	2.58	1024	4.00	恒温	34	
4 ٥	! !	2,03	302	У в	16.2	35	

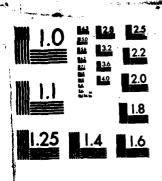


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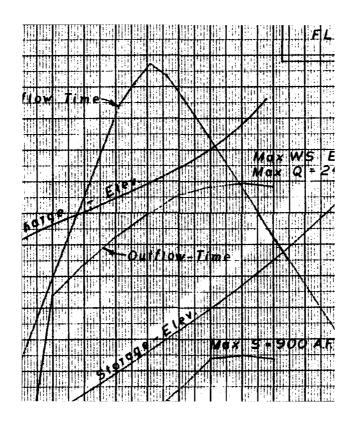


U 1+





MICROCOPY RESOLUTION TEST CHART NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS-1983-A



MATERIO TO SON AIREST

STED 23 ASSUME 25 FT WOTH OF ASSESSMENT OF A

WATER SCHOOL & WHITH ON DAM = 78.4, C = 7,30

Use Ormor Flow for Breach

C = CAY = CAVEGAL

A= 83×25 = 205 E

Q = 0.7 (208) (2x30.2x 8/3) = 3370 0=3

Q TOTAL = 3150 + 3870 = 6520

SAY GP, FOTAL = GECO GES

544 QSPILMAY = 3,200 UTE

SAY VALLEY STOLLAGE BETWEEN DAM & NYNHAHER

EQUALS 1 (12+612) (2200) 43 500 + 1000 x 1000 x 9 = 222 A.F.

(AV BETWEEN DAM'S BROAD ST) + (AV 30045 ST TO RR)= \$24'Y

300' 12' 300'

Q 3 RZ : 6500 (1- 2000) = 5780

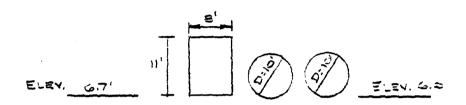
NOTE AV - DIEFELENCE IN VOLUME BETWEEN CONDITIONS

D-16

BY RES DATE TELL SC	LOUIS BERGER & ASSOCIATES INC.	SHEET NO. 2 OF 4
CHKD. BYDATE	INSPECTION OF DAILS	PROJECT W-193
SUBJECT NUTTIAN F		ا المراجع المواقع المراجع المر ويتا المراجع ا

Q & KANTE - TR & 5,780 to

ELEV. 42'



ELEV.		Box			7	71255		6
	HM	HW/D	9/3	9	HW	HW/5	3	70161
26	19.3	175	175	1400	20	2.0	3.0cc	4600
28	2/3	1.94	195	1560	22	S-30	<u>ತಿ</u> ತ್ರಾಧ	ಕ ೦ಕಿರಿ
30	25.3	212	ZIC	1630	Z 4	2.4	3600	5460
32	25.3	2.30	235	1776	26	26	4000	5776
34	27.3	2.48	23%	1904	28	2.8	4250	€10 4
36	<u> </u>	2.66	250	2000	30	3.0	4400	6400

FLOOD WATERS WILL POOL TO ELEVATION 321

BACKWATUR TO APPLOXIMATELY OLD NORTH MOTERS

BUILDING

CHECK PLACE OF ANY BORN STLUNGY Q

19.5 108 1/16 1/15 920 M 1/4 2400 3320

WATER DESIGNATION ON CHANNEL FOR THE LANGY

CHKD. BY DATE TO LOUIS BERGER & ASSOCIATES INC.

SHEET NO. 3 OF A

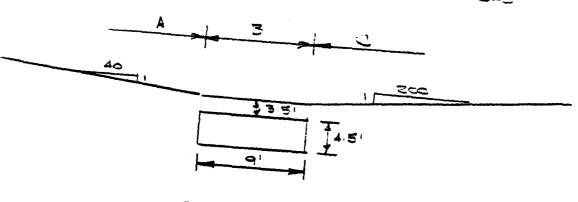
PROJECT NO. 3 OF A

SUBJECT NO. 3 OF A

FROM BOOK OF BACK ASSIST PERSONS ASSIST

CARACITY OF HERRING PROOF TO BE STORE TO BE PROOF 400 CES TO BE PROOF TO BE PROOF TO BE THE PR

FLOW DUE TO BESAULT IN CLD HALLIAG TO THE



PLEASONT ST. JEOSTING

Assume AH Address STORET = 2FT AND WERE

ST462	Q box A	, Q:23 B. O	
8 10 12 14 11	350 C 20	SC 184 2 3 6 160 1040 4 160 240 2870 6 7 30	÷ • 4
40 - N 3, 15	0 400 800 800 4575 1300 17570 400 2300	Toral 350 Copy available to DTIC of 5731 permit fully legible reprod 2800 D-18	loes not

BY REE DATE T-21-8- LOUIS BERGE	ER & ASSOCIATES INC.	SHEET NO. 4 OF
BY RE DATE THE	DA LA LA	PROJECT
BY RED DATE 7-2-8- LOUIS BERGE		

Devine of recording & Develop Set of Fr

ESTIMATE さけ でしょうかいべる

Brien Brief #.

PINGREE STACE S 7 FF

4 INDUSTRIAL BLDE S 3 TO 4 FF

7 COMMERCIAL S 3 TO 4 FF

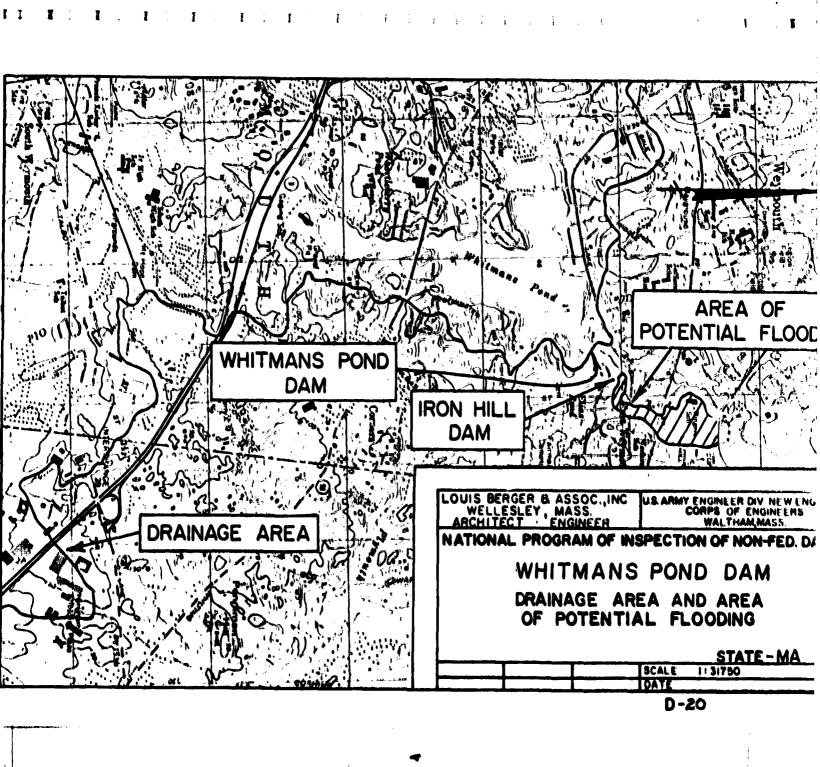
1 UCUSE

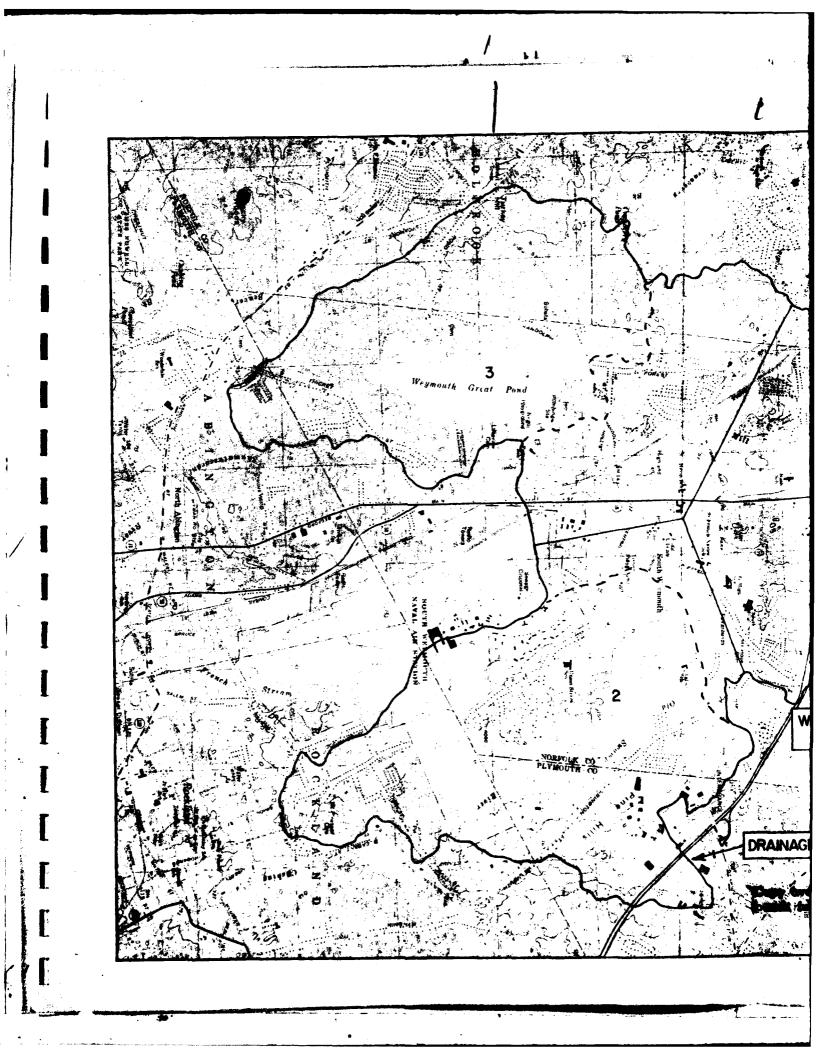
COMMERCIAL ST AREA

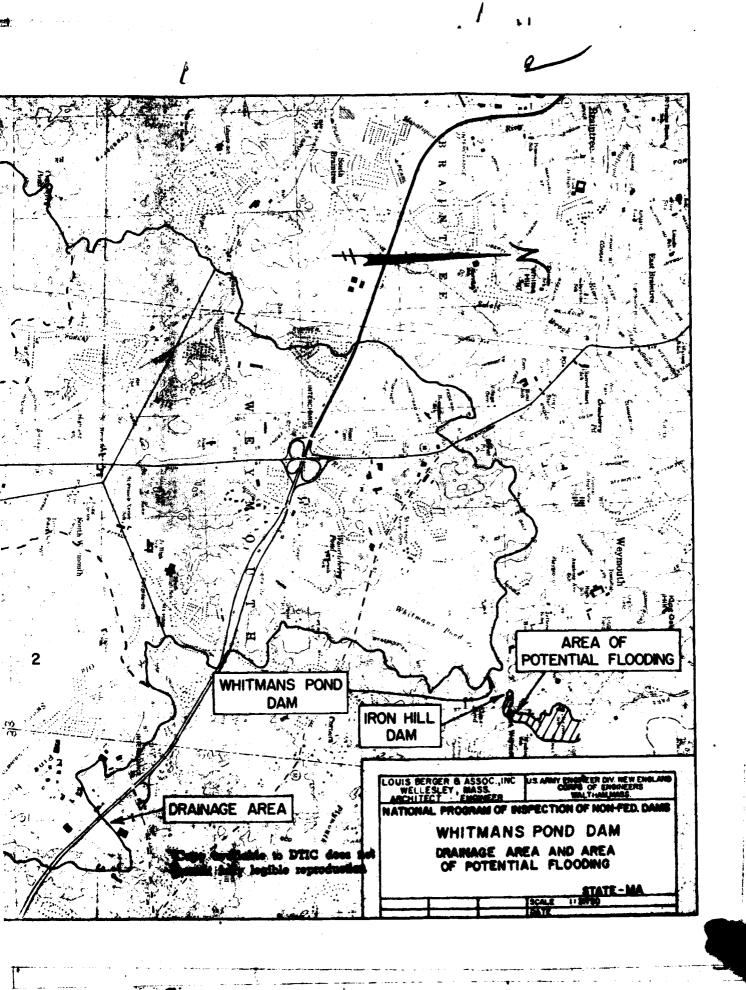
8 20 MMERCIA: 2003 | 70 5 FT

PLEASANT ST. AREA

8 COMMERCIAL | 70 4 ET | 70 4 ET |







APPENDIX E

INFORMATION AS CONTAINED IN THE NATIONAL INVENTORY OF DAMS

INVENTORY OF DAMS IN THE UNITED STATES LATITUDE LONGITUDE REPORT DATE NORTH) (WEST) DAY MO YR ON STATE COUNTY OUT NAME 44 681 12 HITMANS POND DAM 4212.4 7055.7 23FE879 POPULAR NAME NAME OF IMPOUNDMENT HHITMANS POND WHITHANS POND · (a) (4) (%) 0 DIST FROM DI (M1.) NEAREST DOWNSTREAM TEGOT BASN RIVER OR STREAM POPULATION CITY-TOWN-VILLAGE 01 06 TH- WEYMOUTH BACK RIVER WEYMOUTH 55000 Ф нурали неронт MPOUNDING CAPACITIES YEAR TYPE OF DAM PURPOSES PRV/FED SCS A VER/GATE QWY COMPLETED 1900 19 (3) REMARKS 22-24-25-26-27 ESTIMATED 0 HAS LENGTH TYPE WITH VOLUME OF DAM (CV) NAVIGATION LOCKS MISTALLER PHONOSER MOI TENOTH MIDTH TENOTH MIDTH TENOTH MIDTH TENOTH MIDTH 150 C | 15 5000 (4) (9) ENGINEERING BY CONSTRUCTION BY OWNER TOWN OF MEYMOUTH (1) REGULATORY AGENCY DESIGN CONSTRUCTION OPERATION MAINTENANCE (B) INSPECTION DATE AUTHORITY FOR INSPECTION INSPECTION BY DAY | MO | YR REMARKS

40-ESTIMATED

